THE LOUISVILLE COURIER-JOURNAL.

VOLUME XXXVIII. LOUISVILLE, SATURDAY, NOVEMBER 21, 1868. NEW SERIES---NUMBER 121

WASHINGTON.

Instructions to Intercept Filibusters.

WHEREABOUTS OF NOTABLES.

Secretary McCulloch Recommends the Resumption of Specie Payments.

ANCIENT RELICS.

Reception of Valuable Specimens at the Smithsonian Institute.

&c., &c., &c.

[Special Dispatch to Louisville Courier-Journal.]

THE FILIBUSTERS.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 20.—It is understood that some time since, at the request of Mr. Seward, the Attorney General gave directions to the United States Marshals of New York and New Orleans to watch carefully the movements of the so-called Cuban expedition. Up to to-day the reports of the marshals show that, while a good deal is said about sending arms and supplies to Cuba, very little has been done. Should these schemes take definite shape, they would encounter the very positive determination on Mr. Seward's part to enforce the neutrality laws.

SPECIE PAYMENT.

Secretary McCulloch, in his annual report, recommends the early resumption of specie payment.

PERSONAL.

Vice President Colfax and wife arrived last night.

Governor Scott, of South Carolina, arrived to-day.

Schofield and Evarts returned last night, and were present at the Cabinet meeting to-day.

RELICS AT THE SMITHSONIAN.

The Smithsonian Institute has recently received, and the officers there are now engaged in classifying, a large number of skulls, idols, etc., found by explorers sent out by the Institute, and to-day I have been engaged in opening mounds in Tennessee, Missouri and Indiana in search of antiquities. These skulls and idols are supposed to be older than any that have hitherto been found in this country, and are believed to have belonged to a race anterior to the Indians. The skulls are not so large as those of Indians, and are more sloped and have a square face. The same mounds were also found pottery, implements, &c., unlike any that have been hitherto discovered. The relics will be classified as quickly as possible, and then they will be exhibited as are other articles in the Institute.

[To the Associated Press.]

Naval Changes—Receipts of Customs—Supervising Inspectors Instructed—Appointments—Gen. Sherman's Report.

NAVAL.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 20.—Capt. William A. Parker has been detached from the command of the recruiting ship Independence, at Mare Island navy yard, and ordered Commander Paul Shirley ordered to relieve him.

RECEIPTS OF CUSTOMS.

Custom receipts from November 9th to the 18th, inclusive, $3,258,488.

SUPERVISORS.

A large number of recently appointed internal revenue supervisors have arrived here and are to-day receiving their instructions from the Commissioner.

APPOINTMENTS.

The following internal revenue appointments are made to-day:

Storekeepers—Eugene Korst, First District Missouri; Stephen B. Leeper, First District, Indiana.

Gaugers—John C. Neely, R. Morley, S. S. Green; John B. Johnson, Thomas C. Pearson, Chas. Thulman, First District, Illinois.

Assistant Assessors—W. H. Spencer, J. C. Barter, John Shelton, Thomas J. Crawford and W. Lee, Eighth District, Ohio.

The nomination of Joseph Belger for Supervisor of Texas was sent to the Secretary of the Treasury this afternoon.

GEN. SHERMAN'S REPORT.

Gen. Sherman's report of affairs in the military division of the Missouri has just been received at the War Department, together with the reports of Generals Sheridan and Hancock. Gen. Sherman says that these reports show that while the country generally has been at peace the people on the plains and the troops of the command have been constantly at work. He has so studied to find some lasting remedy for the wrongs of the Indians. That process is slow. Our people will settle on the frontiers and travel without precaution and run after the reports of gold discoveries and thus come in contact with the Indians.

Surveys of the public lands continue to be extended, and patents granted to occupants to build railroads and establish depots, so that though all was peaceful. Over all these matters the military authorities have no control, yet they are called upon to protect them, and subjected to all the kicks and cuffs without the privilege of advising or being consulted. They help the Interior Department in all their forces on the frontier cannot be reduced. He had been directed by the President to subordinate the acts of all the whites to other actions of action the late Peace Commission might adopt.

The commission unanimously agreed that all the Indians east of the Rocky Mountains should, as soon as possible, be collected on reservations as far as possible from white settlements, and that the troops now on the plains should be retained by the United States until they can provide for themselves. Other promises were made, some of which had been fulfilled. Peace Councils had been held by the Peace Commissioners with all, or nearly all, of the tribes, and written treaties made with many of them, but confirmed by the Senate; but for some reason Congress did not take action on the chief features of the treaties, and the troops were dictated to setting apart the reservations and providing a government for the Indians.

Gen. Sherman says that the only course to pursue in securing a lasting peace. It is always difficult to learn the cause of war on the part of the Indians, or the origin of the hostile demand of hostile intentions. The General gives, as he can learn, the reason for the war in General Sherman's Report. The Indians charged the Government with not keeping its faith; that their game had been driven away by the building of the Powder River Railroad and the Union Pacific Railroad. The commissioners consented and recommended that that the consideration of these matters be discontinued. It was, however, August before the posts could be withdrawn, and the Indians followed up the withdrawal of the stores in charge, and made raids upon them.

They thought the action of the Government was inspired by fear, and they so informed other tribes, urging them to become hostile, and they would drive the troops out of other posts and force the abandonment of the Bozeman trail, which river runs through the best buffalo hunting grounds in America. The General then gives a detail of the hostilities of the Indians, which have already been published, to show that the Government grants gave them only a part of their homes.

With the exception, that of the agent at Fort Leavenworth, knowing an Indian war was all work and no glory, submitted to many indignities, hoping that the Peace Commission would secure the withdrawal of his Indians. Gen. Sheridan found on investigating, that attacks on the settlers of the Saline, Solomon and Republican rivers were without provocation, and he delayed striking their camps till he had demanded the actual perpetrators of the acts. This demand failed of success, as the old chiefs could not give up so many of their young warriors.

War was then commenced along Smoky Hill and Arkansas rivers by the Cheyennes backing the white people. General Sheridan seeing war with the Cheyennes inevitable endeavored to keep the Arapahoes out of it. In a council with them they agreed to keep out of the war and go to the reservation. Instead, however, at the first chance they agreed with the Cheyennes of the war path. The Kiowas and Comanches acted in the same way.

The General gives dispatches from Territorial Governors setting forth the hostile acts of the Indians. The Governor of Kansas was especially restive under the butcheries perpetrated in that State, and ordered volunteers of cavalry to General Sheridan. General Sheridan was doing all he possibly could to afford protection, but, with the limited number of troops, could not follow the Indians to their remote retreats. General Sheridan asked General Sherman for 5,000 troops for the war, promptly furnished, and on the 6th of October the Secretary of War authorized the acceptance of one mounted regiment of Kansas volunteers for six months.

Gen. Sheridan expects to get these troops in the field in November, and hopes to operate during the coming winter to so punish those hostile Indians that they will not again resort to war. Gen. Sherman has full confidence with all the success he expects. It is idle for us longer to country the plains in common with these Indians, for the country is not settled with farms like those of Kentucky or Missouri, and is only adapted for grazing purposes.

The people there are necessarily scattered, and have more or less cattle or horses which tempt the Indians. He may be starving for want of his accustomed game, and he will steal rather than starve, and to steal he won't hesitate to kill, and for joint occupancy of that country by these two classes of people, with such opposite interests, is simply an impossibility, and the Indians must yield.

The peace commissioner assigned them a reservation which, if held for fifty years, would make their descendants rich, and in the meantime they were promised food whilst they were learning to cultivate the earth, to rear tame stock, and to labor with their own hands, all of which, even to remain in one place, militates against the hereditary pride of the Indian.

It was for this reason that the peace commission at Chicago, in session in October, after the evils before mentioned occurred, and were known to them, was forced to the conclusion that the management of Indian affairs should be transferred back to the War Department, where it belonged prior to 1849. That department of our Government is the only one that can use force without circumlocution, now necessary, and no other department of the Government can act with promptness and vigor.

Even if the Indians themselves should make the necessary concessions, efforts to succeed, little hope can be entertained that the plans and purposes of the Peace Commission will be carried out, as I know that they will at least fall back upon our hands a more than usual helpless savages. I am fully aware that many of our good people far removed from contact with these Indians, and dwelling with a painful interest on past events, such as are described in Minnesota in 1863 and at the Chivington massacre in 1864, believe that the whites are always in the wrong, and that the Indians have been forced to resort to war in actual self-defense by reason of want or by reason of selfishness.

I am more than convinced that such is not the case in the present instance, and I hope I have made it clear. I further believe the only hope of saving any part of these Indians from utter annihilation is by the fair and prompt execution of the scheme proposed by the Peace Commission, which can be done at once by Congress, with the concurrence of the Indians themselves. Even then it will require much patience and hard labor on the part of the officers who execute the plan, which I do not assume myself nor impose on other army officers.

The only hope to find any end of this eternal Indian war is in the transfer of the entire business to the War Department, and for Congress to make the laws and provide the necessary money at least a year before it is required to be expended. General Sheridan then details the operations of money appropriated by Congress, and concludes as follows:

I propose to continue as now so have General Terry and Augur protect the Northern river traffic and the Union Pacific road with cavalry, and so gather in all wandering bands in search of Sioux to the reservation north of Niobrara. Gen. W. S. Hancock for the present will be promptly furnished, and on the 6th of October the Secretary of War authorized the acceptance of one mounted regiment of Kansas volunteers for six months.

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FOREIGN.

By the Atlantic Cable

Authoritative Statement Relative to the Alabama Claims.

ARREST OF SUSPECTED FENIANS.

Late Advices from Paraguay.

RIOTS IN IRELAND.

Garibaldi's Advice to the Spanish Junta.

&c., &c., &c.

ENGLAND.

SUSPECTED FENIANS.

LONDON, November 20.—Peter Baras and Martin Constantine were arrested at Ashton yesterday on suspicion of belonging to the Fenian organization. Valuable papers, understood to give details relative to the organization, were found in their possession.

ALABAMA CLAIMS.

The corporate authorities at Brighton yesterday presented an address to the minister of the United States. Mr. Johnson, in his response, gave a detailed history of his negotiations with the British foreign officer. From what he let fall concerning the terms of the convention for the settlement of the Alabama claims, it appears that a majority of the Commissioners are to decide upon individual claims in case the Board should select an umpire.

TESTIMONIAL.

The citizens of Sheffield propose to give a popular testimonial in honor of Boeback, the defeated candidate from that city.

IRELAND.

RIOTS AT DROGHEDA.

DUBLIN, Nov. 20.—Violent riots took place at Drogheda during the election. Troops were called out and fired on the mob. One rioter was killed and several were wounded.

PRUSSIA.

FREEDOM OF DEBATE.

BERLIN, Nov. 20.—The Prussian Diet has adopted a resolution in favor of entire freedom of debate. The resolution has been approved by the Crown.

SOUTH AMERICA.

ADVICES BY STEAMER.

NEW YORK, Nov. 20.—The steamship Mississippi brings Rio Janeiro advices to the 26th ult. The steamers Guerriero, Tawnee, Kansas Quinnebaug were to leave Buenos Ayres on Nov 28th, with General McMahon for Paraguay. The Wasp was at Montevideo with Minister Washburn. The Shenandoah was expected at St. Thomas. The American street railroad in Rio Janeiro was opened to travel on the 9th of October, in the presence of the Emperor and an immense crowd. During the unreasonable action of the Cigarmakers' Union having proved there is no prospect of coming to an equitable adjustment of the difficulties between the two associations, all workmen belonging to that union be discharged on the 27th inst., and no man belonging to another association be employed by any member of this association, and that the advance recommended by this association at the last meeting, be submitted to a vote of the union cigar makers are concerned. A circular asking co-operation is to be addressed to all manufacturers in the United States and Canada.

There were three or four incendiary fires this afternoon, but the loss was trifling. In one case a man named Patrick Martin was arrested. He acknowledged the crime, giving as his reason that the house was a disorderly one.

The Congressional sub-committee on whisky frauds held a short session to-day and adjourned till Monday.

Mr. Oleudorfer, of the Staats Zeitung, has declined the nomination for the Mayoralty in opposition to Tammany.

SPAIN.

GARIBALDI'S ADVICE.

LONDON, Nov. 20.—A letter is published from Garibaldi urging Spain to choose a dictator for two years and then establish a republic.

NEW YORK.

Independent Candidate for Mayor.

The Press on the Subject—Wholesale Incendiarism—Doings of the Filibusters.

NEW YORK, Nov. 20.—A number of citizens met last night at Fifth Avenue Hall to consider the expediency of making an independent nomination for Mayor. Among those present were Peter Cooper, Postmaster Kelly and others. The session was strictly private, but it transpired that a majority expressed themselves in favor of nominating W. R. Travers for the position.

The Secretary of the Treasury is negotiating for the purchase of the whole stock, and has already bought enough of the floatings for a short basis.

The Sun, alluding to the proposition to nominate Oddendorfer, of the Staats Zeitung, for Mayor, says editors may indeed have the right to nominate for the office of the Presidente, but it is time enough when he is dead for the potter to become incorporate with the clay.

The Tribune and Evening Post urges the Republicans to concur in the nomination of John Hoey by the Democratic Union organization for Mayor.

Fire Marshall Brackett has detailed several officers to act as patrolmen, and to be put in the stables on the east side of the city yesterday. The three persons arrested yesterday were discharged, as there was not sufficient being insufficient. It is quite generally believed that the object was to set fire to a large portion of the city, and considerable excitement occurred thereby.

The leaders of the Cuban filibustering scheme still persist in their intention, and say all the men required have been secured, are fully equipped, and they only want transportation. The flag of the expedition is exhibited at No. 446, and consists of three perpendicular bars, with white ground, in one corner of which is a lone star. It is said here that a large force is concentrated at Memphis, ready to sail at a moment's notice.

A bold attempt was made this morning to rob the Third Avenue Central Savings Bank. Over $100,000 was secured by a man named Joseph Howell and another man, name unknown, but was dropped in the haste to get away from the officers of the bank. Howell drew their attention from the safe by a stupid ruse, otherwise while his confederate robbed it. No arrests.

John T. Broch was arrested and taken to Syracuse, charged with robbing Salt Springs Savings Bank last April of a large number of Onondaga county bonds.

A set of inches coupons has been applied for in the case of Col. Treadwell, charged with obtaining fraudulent naturalization papers in favor Gallo.

At a meeting of the Cigar Manufacturers' Association of the State to-day, a resolution was offered declaring the unreasonable action of the Cigarmakers' Union having proved there is no prospect of coming to an equitable adjustment of the difficulties between the two associations, all workmen belonging to that union be discharged on the 27th inst., and no man belonging to another association be employed by any member of this association, and that the advance recommended by this association at the last meeting, be submitted to a vote of the union cigar makers are concerned. A circular asking co-operation is to be addressed to all manufacturers in the United States and Canada.

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THE SOUTH

A North Carolina Democrat to be Swindled Out of His Seat in Congress—Jeff. Davis's Policy Approved by Colonel—Glenson Makes an Explanation.

NEW YORK, Nov. 20.—The Herald's Raleigh, N. Ca, special says: Some official returns from the Fourth District indicate the election of Durham, Democrat, to Congress by a majority of eighteen hundred votes. The returns report that only about fifty men so far have given themselves up, but small parties of insurgents are still scouring the country. The politicists are increasing in number.

Capt. Gen. Leonard says the statement that five hundred Federal troops will be sent here is not confirmed, which was published in the Diario this morning, is grossly exaggerated. The fact is that all the detachments to the interior report that only about fifty men so far have given themselves up, but small parties of insurgents are still scouring the country. The politicists are increasing in number.

With great respect, your obedient servant,

W. T. SHERMAN,
Lieut. Gen. Commanding.

REVENUE RECEIPTS.

The Internal Revenue receipts from July 1 to date amount to fifty-two and one-third millions, for the first month to little over four millions, and for to-day two hundred thousand dollars.

SNOW.

This afternoon a snow storm prevails, with a high wind. To-night from the northwest.

FREEDMEN'S BUREAU.

The present quarters of the Freedmen's Bureau will be removed on the 1st of December to Howard University, which it is believed there will be considerable reduction in the force.

CHURCH MATTERS.

The committee appointed by the ex parte committee of the North Congregational church of Washington, this afternoon adopted a resolution reviewing the difficulties and opposing a disposition to restore relations, and also commending the minority to await the action of the Mutual Council in January. This decision awaited the Rev. Dr. Boynton and a majority of the church.

THE WEST.

Rioters Doing as in Bear River City—The Frontier Index Office and Jail Burned by a Mob—Ten of the Rioters Killed and a Number Wounded.

ST. LOUIS, Nov. 20.—A Leavenworth special to the Democrat says that the hanging of the three roughs at Bear River City on the 11th, previously reported, created great excitement, and this morning a mob of 300 men burned the Frontier Index office and the jail. The citizens armed themselves and fired on the mob, killing ten and wounding a number. It was feared the whole town would be burned, and the women and children were fleeing for safety. Bear River City is eighty miles east of Salt Lake. Three hundred United States troops, enlisted for service on the plains, arrived here to-day.

FORT WALLACE, KANSAS, Nov. 20.—An expedition composed of the regular cavalry, Fifth cavalry and a company of the Thirty-eighth infantry, with some artillery, left this post this afternoon under Brevet Brig. Gen. L. H. Carpenter of the Fifth cavalry, for the Arkansas river, for the purpose of acting in conjunction with the forces under Gen. Penrose, Gen. Carr, and Gen. Custer.

The last named forces have marched or are about to move from Forts Dodges and Lyon for the Canadian river, to operate under supervision of Gen. Sheridan, against the main body of the Southern Indians supposed to be encamped in that vicinity. Col. Carpenter is assigned to the task of scouting the country near the Pawnee Fork and Walnut creek, for the purpose of handling any body of Indians that may return to that vicinity.

THE PACIFIC.

Vessel Wrecked—Marine News.

SAN FRANCISCO, Nov. 19.—The ship Hellespont, Capt. Saule, from Melbourne, Australia, was wrecked this morning, about thirty miles south of this port. Seven of the crew were saved, and eleven are missing, including the Captain and mate. The vessel immediately went to pieces and will prove a total loss.

Arrived—Steamer Oregonian, Panama; Laurens, New York; Mohoes, Philadelphia; Linley Castle, Kennicworth, Liverpool; Hochurman, Bombay. Cleared—Oracle, Cork, with 45,000 sacks of wheat; Flying Eagle, Cork, with 28,000 sacks of wheat; Sea Serpent, Hong Kong, with 5,000 bbls of flour and 5,000 sacks of wheat.

SAN FRANCISCO, Nov. 20.—Rich discoveries of silver ore special to the Nevada at White Pine, Nevada. Notwithstanding the near approach of winter, there is a great rush of people to that region. Three mines show surfaces almost incredible. The silver is taken out by millions. Many San Francisco capitalists are investing large sums in the White Pine region.

Nothing later from the wrecked steamer Hellespont.

PENNSYLVANIA.

General Grant in Philadelphia—He Flanks the Sycophants.

PHILADELPHIA, Nov. 20.—Gen. Grant arrived here at four o'clock this evening and is stopping at the Continental Hotel. It is reported that he will be entertained quietly at the Union League House to-day.

Gen. Grant took a walk along Chestnut street, visiting Independence Hall and Square. He was recognized now and a throng gathered, but after some delay he succeeded in flanking his admirers and returned to the Continental. He will dine at the League, to be served by the Loyal League, and be serenaded by the Boys in Blue this evening.

Gen. Grant partook of a social entertainment at the Union League rooms this evening, after which he held a levee, when the members of the League were introduced. He was subsequently, and in consequence of the rain the intended demonstration of the Boys in Blue and Invincibles did not take place.

To-night Gen. Grant visited the Academy of Music. The audience cheered enthusiastically. Grant mirely bowed in acknowledgment.

KANSAS.

The Printers' Strike.

ST. LOUIS, Nov. 20.—The printers' strike in Leavenworth continues. A printer named Campbell who arrived there on Wednesday to work on the Bulletin, was assaulted and badly treated.

THE DEPARTMENTS.

Reports of the Postmaster General and Gen. Geo. H. Thomas.

[From the Cincinnati Gazette, 18th.]

The annual report of Hon. A. W. Randall, Postmaster General, has not yet been finished, but all the statistics, and the ordinary information which is to be communicated to Congress in December, has been furnished by the heads of the appointments, finance, contract and auditing bureaus, and the material points in the report have already been decided on. The estimate of the Postmaster General for the ordinary expenses of the department, including the service of the mails, for 1870, is placed at $34,540,413. This does not include the expenses for the special service to China, Japan, Brazil and the Sandwich Islands, which will require an additional sum of $725,000. The entire receipts of the department for the fiscal year ending June, 1868, derived from the sale of stamps, postage collected, &c., are $16,292,000. This is the ordinary revenue of the Department for the year, which last year was bit $15,537,026. The report will show that the excess of the department have been augmented in a greater proportion than the receipts. It will also show that the expenditures have been in great that they have absorbed all only all of the receipts but all appropriations and all the funds standing to the credit of the department, so that the department has nothing left but the liberal and unappropriated receipts of the coming year. Mr. Randall, in view of this condition of affairs, will ask for a deficit appropriation of $2,000,000 to cover four millions. The overland mail service, a very expensive enterprise, has tended greatly to increase the expenditures, owing to the fact that it has cost largely in excess of the appropriations of last year. New and expensive mail routes established in July last by act of Congress will also help to swell the deficiency. The Postmaster General does not expect the Department to pay its expenses out of the ordinary receipts, although that has been its effort, as the latter seem of little value except to the parsimonious. The General is very averse to the delay of several of the railroads in the department in paying their debts, and gives an opinion that it is in the hope that their claims for the deficiency will be paid by the Government. He recommends that they be compelled to pay up promptly. It is mortifying to acknowledge, but that end justifies the means, and a powerful force of public opinion do not protect citizens of the department from violence. In fact, crime is encouraged by the fact that public opinion favors it. A criminal who is popular with the mob can set law at defiance, but if a man is only fit for the penitentiary, when he goes to the community, he is likely to be hung to the nearest tree, or shot down at his own door. The lawlessness of the railroads is different in their character from the excesses of States, and equally more particularly to Kentucky and Tennessee. The authorities of the latter State there have been no complaints received other than that of the Governor in his proclamation of last summer, declaring that the sending of which accomplished the objects for which they were needed. In Tennessee there is unquestionably a band of desperadoes, chased, they and sympathizers with them have a hatred for the State authorities which is unquestionably the outgrowth of the late war, and the disfranchised element is strong. A spirit of persecution toward those in sympathy with the authorities, those who recognize the political rights of the enfranchised negroes, and the negroes themselves, especially since they have exercised the right of the ballot for all. Violence is openly talked of; the editorials of the public press are such as to create uneasiness in the minds of ex-rebels and their sympathizers. The effect of this is to cause disturbance throughout the State, by inciting the ruffianly portion of this class of citizens to murder, rob, and maltreat white Unionists and colored people. In localities where there are no troops stationed, the local authorities often have not the power, or approve of the lawlessness, and in

Courier-Journal.

LOUISVILLE, SATURDAY, NOV. 21, '68.

Arrival and Departure of Trains.

Nashville Railroad.

	Arrive.	Depart.
Nashville and Memphis Mail.....	1:20 P. M.	6:30 A. M.
Nashville and Memphis Express..	4:00 P. M.	4:00 P. M.
Cave Orchard Express.....	1:55 P. M.	7:30 A. M.
Gardiner's Accommodation.....	8:30 A. M.	5:00 P. M.

Lexington and Frankfort Railroad.

	Arrive.	Depart.
Lexington.....	10:00 A. M.	6:00 A. M.
Lexington.....	1:00 P. M.	2:30 P. M.
Lexington.....	8:30 A. M.	4:15 P. M.

Jeffersonville Railroad.

Arrive.	Depart.
4:00 P. M., except Sunday.	8:00 A. M., except Sunday.
7:30 P. M., "	1:00 P. M., ex. Sunday & Sat
10:30 A. M., daily.	9:30 P. M., daily.
8:00 A. M., "	

Arrival and Closing of Mails.

Arrives.			Closes.		
A. M.	P. M.		A. M.	P. M.	
1:30	4:15	Eastern Mail.....	12:30	3:30	Louisville
7:00	7:00	St Louis Mail.....	10:30	3:30	Louisville
4:45	1:00	Ind. & Chicago.....	12:30	3:30	Louisville
1:30	4:15	Nash. Bardstown & Southern Mails		3:30	Louisville
7:00	7:00	Frank. Lex. & Way Mails.....		3:30	Louisville
11:00	7:00	Frank. Lex. & Way Mails.....		12:00	Louisville
9:00	.....	Louis. & Nashv. town R. R. Mail		2:45	Louisville
.....	3:00	Louis & Cin. Ex. short line R. R.		12:00	Louisville
9:00	.....	Louisv. and Vin. Railroad Mail		2:30	Louisville
9:00	.....	Louisv. & Evansv. Railroad Mails	9:00	2:30	Louisville
8:45	.....	LVE. TU., WED., FR. AND SAT.		2:30	Louisville
8:45	.....	New Alb. and Jeff.	12:30	2:30	Louisville
.....	2:00	Shawneet'n Steam Boat Mail		12:00	Louisville
.....	.....	LVE. MON., WED. AND SAT.		.....	.....
.....	2:00	Taylorsville and Bloomfield stage		12:00	Louisville
.....	.....	LVE. TU., THU. AND SAT.		.....	.....
4:00	7:00	Shelbyville Mail.....		12:00	Louisville
.....	.....	Cal. & Atlantic Post. Car, commencing N. York, Phila. & Ca., Ga., Ala. and Gulf Mail.		5:00	Louisville

KENTUCKY NEWS.

The whisky trade is dull in Paris.

Office-seekers are increasing in Paducah.

Hog slaughtering has commenced in Clark county.

Large numbers of hogs are being shipped from Cynthiana to Cincinnati.

The Glasgow Sorgho Company has been fully organized, and will erect a sugar mill in the vicinity of Glasgow.

Mr. A. M. Peed, living near Mayslick, recently bought 12,000 bushels corn at 50 cents per bushel, delivered.

B. F. Turner, one of the editors of the Clark county Democrat, has been appointed postmaster at Winchester.

A movement is on foot to organize the militia of Henry county. A meeting will be held at New Castle to-day for that purpose.

On Monday last, in Mt. Sterling, Jas. H. Jones stabbed Turner Reid in the back, inflicting a painful though not dangerous wound.

A popular young gentleman of Owensboro has had a large estate left to him by the decease of a relative in Virginia.

Mr. L. H. Dollis, formerly of this city, has become a member of the firm of Colman & Co., druggists, Owensboro.

A couple of medical charlatans visited Cynthiana last week and remained there several days, and decamped without settling their bills.

At a meeting recently held at the Mt Pleasant Baptist church, Shelby county, twenty-one persons were added to the church.

T. S. Tucker, Esq., was made Master Commissioner of the Clark Circuit Court by his Honor Judge Thomas, last week.

The Carlisle town clock got on a bender on the night of the 13th and continued striking for two hours, causing great excitement among the citizens.

A shooting affray between two negroes took place on the steamer Tennessee at the Paducah wharf, on Wednesday. One was slightly wounded.

An immense crow-roost has been established by the members of that species of the feathered tribe, near Providence Station, Jessamine county.

A Lutheran minister named Doerman was fined $15 in the City Court of Owensboro, on Monday, for drunkenness and other misdemeanors, and committed to jail in default of payment.

A dairy company has been organized in Clark county. It is proposed to build a cheese factory on the lands of John V. Grigsby, Esq., near the Strode's Station Spring.

On last Monday night somebody broke into the seminary building at Winchester, demolished the stove and desks, tore down the door, and destroyed the steps.

On Wednesday night of last week a fire originated in the pick-room of the cotton factory of January & Wood, Maysville, but was extinguished before much damage was done.

The distilleries in the vicinity of Owensboro are ready to commence operations as soon as the powers that be will permit. The corn crop is abundant and the price low, and a large amount of whisky will be distilled.

Adam Renicker, of Cynthiana, has just finished building a three-story house in that town. He got out the timber and rock, and made his own brick, and completed the house in eleven months, and during that time raised the usual crop on his farm.

At the recent term of the Harrison Circuit Court Miss Georgia R. Davis brought suit against Jno. Ralston for slander, he having asserted that she was born a house of ill-fame in Cincinnati. The court returned a verdict for defendant.

The County Court of Pendleton has appropriated $16,000 to build three bridges over Licking river—$10,000 to build two at Falmouth and $6,000 to build one at Morgan's Station. The bridge at the last-named place will connect with a pike to run from Williamstown to Callinsville and from Callinsville to Morgan's Station.

A special correspondent informs us that an affray occurred in Lexington, on Wednesday night, between Stephen Back and a man named Shultz, of Versailles, in which the former was stabbed three times, inflicting dangerous if not fatal wounds. The difficulty originated in a political dispute.

At Campbellsville on the 17th inst., as we are informed by our special correspondent, a singular and deplorable accident occurred. A son of Mr. Aylette Taylor was struck on the temple with a stone thrown by a son of Mr. G. Butler, inflicting a fatal injury. The lads were schoolmates and were throwing at each other in sport.

Mr. James Hall, of Bourbon county, has sold of Samuel Rash, of West Lebanon, New Hampshire, and to Darius Russ and Noah B. Sarfold, of Vermont, two cows and calves and three heifers for two thousand dollars. Mr. R. E. Marsh also sold them several thorough-bred heifers. Messrs. William Warfield and M. T. Scott, of Fayette, also sold the same parties six head of fine stock.

Mr. Benjamin Kirk, living near Minerva, has just gathered corn of the very best quality, which yields eight bushels to the shock, each shock being sixteen hills square. This corn was raised on ground that was broken by a four-horse plow, having the attachment which dispenses with the plow holder entirely: was dropped by a two-horse machine, two rows at a time, and cultivated with a buggy plow.

At Maysville, on Saturday last, Mr. Chas. Snoot, while preparing to unload an ox-cart at a corn crib, was caught between the cart and crib, by a sudden movement of the oxen, and very seriously if not fatally injured. The projecting part of the cart bed pressed so hard against him that it cruised the ribs on the left side; passing over the lungs it caused a rupture of the air cells, a fracture of the breast bone, and a dislocation of the collar bone on the right side.

SOUTHERN NEWS.

The policemen of Petersburg, Va., are to be uniformed.

The Baptists are building a new church in Morristown, Tenn.

The Marshal of Montgomery, Alabama, forbids hogs running at large in the streets.

W. E. Hooper had his leg broken by a locomotive at Lynchburg, Va., on Monday.

George B. Rodman was drowned near Norfolk on Monday.

It is reported in Richmond that Gen. Custis Lee is to lead to the altar a daughter of Gen. William C. Wickham.

The only child of Stonewall Jackson gives promise of great intelligence and beauty.

The store of D. R. Wright & Co., Augusta, Georgia, was robbed on Saturday night of $700 worth of goods.

General Green, an old and highly respected citizen, died in Augusta, Georgia, a few days ago.

The streets and sewers of St. Joseph, Missouri, were greatly damaged by a heavy rain which fell on Sunday last.

The dwelling on the farm of Mr. H. T. Alley, in Prince George county, Va., was burned a few nights ago.

The fall term of the United States District Court at Huntsville, Ala., will not be held on account of the absence of Judge Busteed.

At a meeting of the stockholders of the Virginia and Tennessee Railroad in Lynchburg on Tuesday, Gen. Wm. Mahone was elected President of the company.

In a fight near Sherman, Texas, a short time ago, between six whites and twenty-five Indians, a Missourian named Pace and ten Indians were killed.

Contracts have been entered into for the completion of the South Georgia and Florida railroad from Thomasville to Albany, 57 miles, by the 1st of November next.

The farmers in the vicinity of Morristown, Tenn., have sown a larger amount of wheat this fall than at any season since the war.

The planters in the vicinity of Albany, Ga., are giving their hogs strychnine to protect them from thieves. Hogs killed while being fed in that way carry death in the pot.

Henry J. Haight, of New York, and Mollie L. Church, of Memphis, both native, were married in Memphis on the 18th inst. They are now enjoying unspeakable bliss.

A colored woman, recently a slave in Missouri, has had bequeathed to her a farm in Platte county, valued at $6,000. Her old master is the generous donor.

Last week, Williamson Smith, who had just been acquitted by the Criminal Court of Huntsville, Ala., of the murder of Berry Brown, was taken from his home by a party of disguised men and hung.

Joseph P. Doyle, the present Sheriff of Madison, Ala., publishes a card acknowledging that he was not elected by the people and expressing his willingness to resign.

Bold and persistent incendiaries are at work in the vicinity of Sweetwater, Tenn. Last week the Croton Academy, Mr. McCrosky's barn, and a new school-house were burned.

A youth named Eugene Brown, of Drew county, Ark., in company with four or five others, attempted, last week, to play Ku Klux on an old negro for the purpose of robbing him, but was shot and instantly killed.

Selma, Ala., was startled the other day by the appearance of a well-dressed white woman, a stranger in that place, hanging upon the arm of an unclothed negro, upon whom she seemed determined to make a favorable impression.

A family in Wilmington, N. C., has had, within the last twelve months, two marriages, two births, and two deaths, a strange admixture of the joys and sorrows, the smiles and tears, the happiness and misery of this earthly existence.

The Governor of Virginia, on Saturday, issued a warrant to the sheriff of Norfolk to deliver to Miles C. Stickley, sheriff of Chowan county, N. C., Wm. O'Neil, who is in his custody. O'Neil is charged with having committed a murder in Chowan county.

At a meeting of the directory of the Selma and Gulf Railroad Company, held in Selma, Alabama, on the 16th inst., steps were taken to secure the early completion of the road. By this route Louisville will hardly be 653 miles from Pensacola, Cincinnati 703 miles, and the lake cities, Chicago, Toledo, and Detroit, the gate to the Dominion of Canada, only 870 and 970 miles.

In Blountsville, Sullivan county, Tenn., on Sunday last, Robt. H. Rhea shot his wife, who was sitting on the porch, inflicting a wound in the head, which will probably prove mortal. Mrs. Rhea attempted to flee, and while pursuing her Rhea fell from the porch and the pistol was again discharged, killing him instantly. Rhea is supposed to have been laboring under a fit of mania a potu.

American Statesmanship.

In truth, the problems of government are yet without solution; that is, no definite and general law has been discovered whose operation will secure the unity, the liberty, and the highest well being of a nation, and, at the same time, render these permanent. It is easy enough to name the intermediate causes or instrumentalities with which to bring about this grandest of results. It is easy to conceive of law in complete ascendency over a great nation whose omnipotent power is felt from the center to the circumference—from the heart to the extremities; and under whose beneficent sway the greatest and the least are equally secured in their just rights, where an enlightened self-interest stimulates prosperous industry, and the love of knowledge and fame leads to glory. It is easy to imagine a people governed by justice and moderation, under which grows up a fraternal spirit—the indispensable condition for the existence of patriotism, without which there is no nationality in any intelligible sense of the word. Starting from such premises, it is both a delightful and easy task to draw out an ideal national government. Here the quality of condition is lost; the ignorant suddenly become wise; the evil become good; the lawless principles of human nature are transmuted into the spirit of perfect obedience; local prejudices and jealousies are put to death; a spirit of national brotherhood is born, like the summer air, embracing all things.

If we look into the speeches and writings of politicians of a certain class, we shall find them carried away with this sort of political rhapsody. They are men who deal with the ideal rather than the real; with an imaginary, rather than with a real race of men, and an ideal rather than a real life of man upon the earth. They are a class of men certainly not destitute of ability, of genius and talent, but they are under the guidance of the imagination, not of the calm, clear, trustworthy light of reason. They see everything through the haze of a smoky atmosphere, and hence there is much that they never see at all. They are political dreamers—clairvoyants, whose eyes are opened to realms hid from all other observers—an ethereal realm peopled by a race which have nothing in common with the plodding mortals of this world. They never stop to look the great problems of history in the face. They never listen to the deep voice of the gathered experience of ages, coming up from all the nations and tribes of man, busy in their endless expellients of happiness and power. They never take a hint from the character of the people to be governed—from their antecedent origins and ethnical peculiarities and modes of feeling. They never look to the general bearings and effects of their favorite theory and policy upon the whole nation. The question of fusing different races in one living social system, without a natural tendency in the tone and temper of the whole people, is never submitted to deliberate reason. The theory, the ideal form, the abstractions of the mind are taken for the concrete realities of political life; and they set themselves about the hard task of making the ideal and the real one and the same. It is a misnomer to call such men statesmen. They are, with all their talents and learning, simply impracticable dreamers, whose visions are destitute of substance. Every age and nation of highly cultivated people have had this class of speculative politicians; and every age and nation have seen their theories perish in nothing.

Of this class is the American Republican or Radical party. The task of statesmanship in this country is very different from that of Europe—from that of any other part of the world. It is also as different in its spirit and instrumentalities, as in its designs, from that of antiquity. In the past lie the great universal empires—the monuments of an infinite ambition—of a power that was, at best, rude, coarse, materialistic; a force, rather than a power having its seat in intellectual and moral beings. Hence, its symbol was the throne—its means, the sword—its condition, submission or slavery. The genius of Rome was the spirit of conquest. To her the questions of human rights, and justice to the individual nation, or person, were nothing. Submission to the Roman authority was the all. There were no nice discriminations to be made—no questions of political and moral casuistry asked. Like a giant, the imperial arm struck its blow. It was a remorseless and cruel blow. It meant destruction to all that was not Roman—to separate nationalities, in spirit, in pride, and in fact. It was meant to crush the very soul of the conquered—to annihilate the inborn sense of independence, and to force submission by the terrora of the present, and afterwards by the memories of the day that signalized the Roman triumph. Each member of the Roman empire was born in agony and blood. It was as a day of judgment and vengeance for past crimes. The slaughter of all classes and conditions was generally summary and awful. Afterwards, if the conquered were treated justly or moderately, it was not so much because of the high sense of Roman justice as it was a dictate of Roman prudence and imperial interest. The great end and purpose of the Roman arms had been won. A whole nationality had been destroyed—a race had been merged into a growing empire, and the hardy feeling of independence and the inspiring love of liberty, the natural conditions and fountains of a progressive civilization, had been reduced to the spirit of servile submission to a colossal power that was felt to be irresistible. Henceforth these serfs needed merely the watchful eye of a trusty Roman, and so many legions as were easily able to maintain the submission that had been secured. Such was Rome. Force was her magic word. With this alone she fused into one so many nations. With this alone she preserved the unity of the empire. When the power to wield the imperial sword failed, the mighty fabric fell, and filled the world with ruins.

The purpose of modern statesmanship is altogether different from this. The sword is now to be employed in the defense, not in the destruction, of human rights. The idea of conquest is annihilated—dissolved with the dream of universal empire. The idea of maintaining and rendering permanent Institutions which do not rest upon the cordial support of the people as intelligent and interested parties, no longer haunts the mind of any one capable of serving the state. National unity is no longer deemed a product of brute force brought to bear upon the masses. At last the government and the people are found to be two words for the same thing. But the state is a different thing from the rulers of the state. The only imperial power that has right, as it has might, is the will of the people. Here is the origin of all rightful power, and it is from this stand-point the American statesman is to look upon his measures and his ends.

Straws.

It has passed into proverbial philosophy that straws show which way the wind blows. The straws, however, in their zigzag, whirligig, up-and-down obedience to the capricious air currents, sometimes confuse the observer, and, without knowing exactly which way the wind blows, he is compelled to be content with the fact that it blows. Just now a thousand or less queries are being propounded, of little importance except as indications that a storm is brewing in the Radical camp—and in this case are the political straws which do show which way the wind is blowing.

Grant is an enigma, a sort of a political sphinx, which defies the magicians, astrologers and soothsayers of the Radical wigwams. During the Presidential campaign the Radical wire-pullers, camp-followers and carpet-baggers were jubilant over Grant's silence. "Mum" was then the synonym of statesmanship. This profound reticence, it was held, was favorable for the gestation of those mighty thoughts which were in due time to astonish the world and identify Grant beyond a doubt or a contingency with pure, unadulterated Radicalism.

But, unfortunately for Radicalism, nothing of importance, so far, has been born. Grant has delivered a few brief speeches, and, at the same time, render these permanent. It is easy enough to name the intermediate causes or instrumentalities with which to bring about this grandest of results. It is easy to conceive of law in complete ascendency over a great nation whose omnipotent power is felt from the center to the circumference—from the heart to the extremities; and under whose beneficent sway the greatest and the least are equally secured in their just rights, where an enlightened self-interest stimulates prosperous industry, and the love of knowledge and fame leads to glory. It is easy to imagine a people governed by justice and moderation, under which grows up a fraternal spirit—the indispensable condition for the existence of patriotism, without which there is no nationality in any intelligible sense of the word. Starting from such premises, it is both a delightful and easy task to draw out an ideal national government. Here the quality of condition is lost; the ignorant suddenly become wise; the evil become good; the lawless principles of human nature are transmuted into the spirit of perfect obedience; local prejudices and jealousies are put to death; a spirit of national brotherhood is born, like the summer air, embracing all things.

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The purpose of modern statesmanship is altogether different from this. The sword is now to be employed in the defense, not in the destruction, of human rights. The idea of conquest is annihilated—dissolved with the dream of universal empire. The idea of maintaining and rendering permanent American statesman is far more difficult to perform than if the unity of the nation were already perfect. To the sword he cannot look, except in great emergency, and then only as a breakwater, a means to gain time for the operation of powers native to the human mind. He can neither unite the people by the sword nor preserve an outward semblance of unity by mere force and simply because this is not the function of the sword in modern times. Living powers now alone can be effective in government, and he who looks to any other will soon find his hands empty and himself at the mercy of those whom he sought to govern by mere force.

We have spoken of the diversity of races, and of the profound antagonism of social forces arising therefrom. But there is one race among us that complicates in confounding problems the measures of political wisdom. The African seems to be a monument of both Divine and human wrath. Walled off under a burning sun, and seared amid the sterile sands of an exhausted continent, his life has never risen above the animal nature. With no cultivated and progressive nation has the African ever appeared as a brother and fellow-laborer, working out the problem of human life. He has had no civilization—no intellectual history. Hence, he has been incompetent to be the companion of the advancing peoples of other times. He is still wholly unfit to be the companion of the polished nations of the present day, in their intellectual and social struggles for the highest and best forms of human development. So far, then, as history informs us of the African, he has been a barbarian, isolated, cut off from man's higher life, and merged into the form of mere animal existence. It will not do to say that this result has been caused by his enslavement. The great majority of the human family have been slaves. The African has had his chance along with the other nations of the world. But to all other nations he has been repulsive to the last degree. No civilized, and scarcely any barbarous people will admit him to equality, to companionship. He lives, and has lived, alone; an object of bitter and universal dislike. Even in America a residence of several centuries has not materially altered the repulsive character of his race and person. He is shunned by the white man everywhere, North and South. Even at the North the white man who receives the negro as a companion sinks himself to the bottom of the social scale. There must be a reason for this universal repulsiveness of the African—a reason that is immutable, seeing that it has endured through so many centuries, and under so many different trains of circumstances in every part of the world where he has appeared among other nations. Such are the facts in the case.

The Radical party propose to set aside these facts by the resolution that all men are born equal. They have set their heart especially on bringing forward the four millions of negroes, and introducing them into the social system as the white man's brothers and companions. Their policy is to unify the Anglo-Saxon and the negro, and make them brother-workers in the great mission of the American Republic. Like a class of statesmen already described, they have a certain theory of human or public equality, and, having got possession of the Government, they propose to realize their ethnology in the politics of the country. Are these politicians mad? What is that they propose? Simply to unify the life man and the negro—a thing that never has been done—that never could never be done in the past, and for the reasons which exist at present against its being done.

But how is this result to be effected? By the sword—by brute force. Let the reader mark it. The Southern people have been reed under a system of negro supremacy. ey are compelled to accept the negro as neighbor, a judge, a juryman, and to enter into social relationship with him in a great work of civilization. Their ideal tem sees the negro and the white man e in all the great living social relations, there remains but one thing to be done to make the vision a reality through legislation—to force their doctrine of equality the American people. If the white man els a repugnance to the fact of negro quality, he is reminded of the doctrine of e equality of races, and the gleaming sword is flashed in his ace. The Southern people, like the Northern people, are invariably disgusted at the idea of receiving the African as a social and civil companion. But the unified sword is meant to silence all sentimental squeamishness, and to regenerate the white man into the love of negro equality. The unitive process of whites and negroes is to be effected by mere force. The moment this abominable measure of adopting the negro into the family of the nation is completed at the South, these same men will turn round and begin to inaugurate the same measures at the North. They will employ the sword at the North as they have employed it at the South; and so the republic is to be put to a peril capable of producing a universal wreck of liberty for the sake of trying the experiment of making the African equal to any other race in the work of human progress!

But the means are inadequate to accomplish the desired result. The sword did never yet reduce to unity a heterogeneous mass of peoples; and it never will, it never can. It may, indeed, superinduce the semblance of unity as under the Cæsars, and under Charlemagne in the Middle Ages. True, circumstances then were favorable to the production of this outward unity and for its preservation a great length of time. But, with the bursting of the bubble of universal empire, the function of the sword ceased, in one important point of view. The introduction of the idea of constitutional government—the idea of the people being the source of all legitimate political power—still further limited the use of the sword. In fact, it confined it to the support and maintenance of laws resting on the will and affections of the people. The idea, therefore, of uniting a people by force is altogether expelled by the idea of constitutional government. It is a relic of the past—of antiquity and absolutism—a measure of kingcraft that no talents can render respectable for any length of time in the Nineteenth century.

Tennessee River.

The Legislature of Tennessee last Monday, the 16th, adopted a joint resolution setting forth, in substance, the facts that Congress has already appropriated a sufficient amount of money to remove the obstructions to the navigation of the Tennessee river between Chattanooga and its mouth, with the exception of the Muscle shoals, and that to render this appropriation of any value the obstructions at this point, dividing the 277 miles of navigation below from the 378 miles (to Knoxville) above by a series of shoals the practicability of whose improvement has been demonstrated by actual survey, ought to be removed; and instructing their Congressional delegation to urge the matter before Congress. The money now being expended makes the river perfectly navigable, at most stages, from Paducah to the shoals, and from Brown's Ferry to Knoxville, leaving the shoals as the only impediment. The removal of the obstructions at Muscle Shoals is a matter in which Kentucky, and particularly Louisville, has as much interest as Tennessee. The opening of the Tennessee to navigation will develop the agricultural interest of the whole Tennessee valley, and will particularly encourage mining and manufactures, and Louisville can supply the machinery to that country, and be the mart for its productions, thus making our lines of steamers to the Tennessee a source of profit, if our people will make the proper exertions. We hope that the Legislature of Kentucky will also favor the improvement of the Tennessee river, and will call the attention of our Congressmen to it. The Legislatures of Georgia and Alabama have already done so, and Kentucky has at least as great interests at stake in the matter as either of them.

CITY ITEMS.

SPIER'S PORT GRAPE WINE.—This noted and excellent wine—samples of which can be tasted at all our druggists—we believe to be superior in every respect and in all desirable qualities, medicinal not excepted, to pure and genuine imported port, worth two dollars a gallon. d4w

VALUABLE AND CONVENIENT.—"Brown Bronchial Troches" are widely known as an admirable remedy for bronchitis, hoarseness, coughs, and other troubles of the throat and lungs. They are of great value for the purposes for which they are designed. While they are usually and pleasantly efficacious, they contain no hurtful ingredients, but may at all times be used with perfect safety.—[Boston Recorder.

☞ The especial attention of the ladies is called to J. M. Ladd's advertisement in the local column.

☞ W. Scott Glore has received the Lady's Friend for December.

Also a new Revolving Stereoscope, for holding 18 views; just out and new. Price $3. Stationer's stamp., Sold by all Druggists. nl3 dcod&wtim

Grecian Bend Cocktail

to be had at the Magenta—the only place in the city. In addition to the regular oyster soup lunch which the Magenta sets every night they will give a magnificent oyster soup and 'possum lunch every Saturday night—plenty of oysters and abundance of 'possum. Dick Seay presides at the bar, and will serve up the new Nickerbine and Grecian Bend Cocktails with the grace of a Chesterfield.

☞ Baby pictures by electricity; card photographs only $2 per dozen, and the most exquisite porcelain pictures ever made in this city are now made by A. C. Critchlow's gallery, No. 136 Main street. Life size portraits, &c., &c.

☞ Gentlemen should consult their health as the cold weather approaches, and go to the Trade Palace and provide themselves with those fine red twilled flannel shirts and drawers at $2 00; also, the finest Shaker flannel shirts and drawers at $2 50. Everything in the line of gents' furnishing line can be found there—gloves, hosiery, &c., as Mr. Neal makes those goods a specialty. Corner of Fourth and Jefferson.

LOCAL NOTICES.

Notice.

There will be a meeting of the Commissioners and friends of the Louisville, Harrodsburg, and Virginia Railroad at the County Court-room this evening at 7½ o'clock.

To the Ladies.

I am now offering my entire stock of ladies' misses' and children's furs, swansdown and fur trimmings, twenty per cent. less than ever before sold in this market. Ladies in search of extra fine qualities in Canada mink and Hudson Bay sable will do well to give me a call. I also have all the lower grades in mink and sable, Russian fitch, Siberian squirrel, river mink, coney, lock, imitation lock, and blue coney, muffs, berthas, capes, victorines, &c., in great variety. Don't fail to examine my stock before purchasing elsewhere. JAS. M. LADD,

No. 56 Main st., s. s., bet. Second and Third. nc4t d3

Eagle's Egg-nog,

At Marble Hall to-night. Come and try it.

NEW YORK STORE.

PLAID WATERPROOF

Received by Express.

One case plaid waterproof, a new and handsome article for ladies' suits.

S. BARKER & CO.

Oyster Lunch.

Mr. Thos. J. McManon, of the Council Chamber, Fifth street, has taken Mr. John Kelly as a partner in his business. They will set a splendid oyster lunch at 10 o'clock this morning, and again at 9 o'clock to-night and to-morrow.

House-furnishing Winter Goods at Greatly Reduced Prices.

Fire sets and stands, a splendid variety; nursery fenders and grate guards, all sizes; plate warmers, register plate warmers; coal vases, a splendid line; coal hods, all sizes and styles; coal claws, foot warmers, soap-stone griddles, all sizes; fire carriers, and new goods for housekeepers, all at lowest possible prices, at Rogers' house-furnishing emporium, 146 south side Market street, between Fourth and Fifth.

no20 d3

☞ D. B. Dewey, M. D., may be consulted personally at his office, No. 39, south-east corner Third and Green sts., opposite Postoffice, on all diseases of the throat, chest and lungs, embracing catarrh, sore throat, bronchitis, consumption and heart disease, to which branch of the profession his practice has for seventeen years been exclusively confined. no20d5

☞ Possum and taters, oysters, egg-nog, hot Irish whisky punches, apple toddies, sweet cider, and Billy Kaigh, the Irishman, still on watch at Marble Hall to-night.

☞ Money in large or small amounts loaned on valuable of every kind. Highest price paid for gold and silver. JOHN A. O'BRIEN & CO. no18 dcod1m

☞ Peytona Cannel Coal at Hyatt & Snyder's, No. 72 Third street, between Main and Market. no23d1w

☞ Mutilated currency redeemed at its value at S. ROTHCHILD'S, 1y22 dtf Main, between Second and Third.

☞ Peytona Cannel Coal at Hyatt & Snyder's, No. 72 Third street, between Main and Market. no23d1w

For Coughs and Colds,

use Dr. Graves' cough candy. It is a sure cure. no9 dtf

A Friend in Need is the Samaritan's Gift,

The only real cure for diseases arising from indiscretion. Only ten pills to effect a cure. Purely vegetable. Cures in from two to four days, thus avoiding exposure and trouble. Male packages $2. sent by mail.

OWEN & SUTTON, sep13d23t W&Sat 95 Market street.

☞ Peytona Cannel Coal at Hyatt & Snyder's, No. 72 Third street, between Main and Market. no23d1w

☞ **Thomson's glove fitting corset at the Falls City Hoop Skirt Factory, No. 66 Market street, between Second and Third.** no15 deodtjan1

☞ Peytona Cannel Coal at Hyatt & Snyder's, No. 72 Third street, between Main and Market. no23d1w

KENTUCKY HAT, CAP, AND FUR MANUFACTORY, WHOLESALE AND RETAIL.

By J. KOOPER, 219 Market street, between Sixth and Seventh, and 122 Market, between Floyd and Preston.

The cheapest and finest stock of hats, caps, and fur goods in the city. All furs bought as raw hides are warranted, and saved during the summer without charge. We give particular attention to altering and cleaning furs and hats. Cash paid for all kinds of skins. oct11 dtf

Hard Wood Lumber Yard,

Northeast corner Brook and Main streets, just above new Galt House, Louisville, Ky. All kinds of hard wood lumber for sale. Cash paid for all kinds of skins. oct11 dtf

VERY LOW PRICES!

CHARLES F. RAUCHFUSS.

no15 d1y

AT COST.

AS I desire to enter in another business, I will close my entire stock of Furniture of all description AT COST. Persons in need of furniture will find this a rare opportunity to purchase.

Call and examine.

no8 dtf No. 382 Third street, near Market. F. FENSTERER,

CASH PAID

For New and Second-hand Household Furniture. Address Drawer 184, Postoffice.

no6 dtm

WM. CADY,

LIVERY AND SALE STABLES,

Corner Market and Washington streets,

COLUMBUS, MISS.

NEW fire-proof sheds, with complete water privileges; ample accommodations for over 300 mules, besides superior stabling for horses. Stock purchased and sold on commission. Liberal advances made on consignments of stock. Terms reasonable. n19 cc3m

Pianos & Organs.

MR. CHARLES ZWALLAZ, from Paris, desires to offer his services to the public of Louisville for the repairing and tuning of Pianos and Organs. All work intrusted to him will be carefully and duly to the entire satisfaction of all parties. Prices moderate. Apply at Cook & Goodman's Jewelry Store, 128 Third street, Louisville, Ky. nl5 tuthf

SABEL, LAZARUS & CO.

Pay the highest market price for

Hides, Wool, Feathers, Furs, &c.,

At No. 81 Fifth st., bet. Market and Main,

LOUISVILLE, KY.

nl1 dtf

R. H. HENLEY & CO.,

GEN'AL COMMISSION MERCHANTS,

Savannah, Ga.,

WILL purchase rice, fruits, &c., on commission for parties in Louisville, and sell Western produce on consignment. Patronage of Louisville merchants solicited.

Refer to Maj. M. I. Wicks, Prest. M. & C. R. R.; Col. Sam Tate, Prest. M. C. R. R. W. C. Butler, Esq., and H. V. Yeatman, Esq., Nashville, Tenn.

Nov. 1—five cars shipped now on through bills from Savannah to Louisville at 75 cents per 100 lbs. no16 deodtf

KENTUCKY BILLIARD PARLOR,

No. 140 Jefferson street, between Fourth and Fifth.

THE finest and best-appointed Rooms in the city. nl1 dtm

SPECIAL NOTICES.

Fifty Millions of Boxes Sold.

BRANDRETH'S PILLS take hold and expel the MATTER OF DISEASE.

[Extract from a letter dated Dawson, Ia., April 24, 1865, to Dr. Brandreth, from Andrew Logan, Esq.:]

"My wife became an invalid. Our physician represented her case as incurable. I then called two other physicians, and the three held a consultation and pronounced her case consumption. I then discharged all the physicians and determined to trust to your Pills I got five boxes, which she took according to printed directions. By the time these were used up there appeared a change in her condition for the better. I then bought fifteen boxes, and she continued to take them for three months, when her health was entirely restored."

PERMANENT AND WIDESPREAD SUCCESS is the best evidence of the goodness of BRANDRETH'S PILLS. They should be in every family, ready for use on the first symptoms of disease occurring.

Principal Office, Brandreth House, New York. Sen "B. Brandreth," in white letters, in the Government stamp., Sold by all Druggists. nl3 deodkwtim

Sudden Death!

Is the fate of every fiber upon which the

CAUSTIC POISON

of an ordinary hair dye falls. There is no

RESURRECTION

for the filaments thus blighted. But, as it were, in the

TWINKLING OF AN EYE

hair of any obnoxious color is changed to a

RICH AND GLORIOUS HUE,

and at the same time vitalized and improved by the use of

CRISTADORO'S HAIR DYE,

nature's safe ally, and beauty's regenerator.

Manufactured by J. CRISTADORO, 6 Maiden Lane, New York. Sold by all Druggists. Applied by all Hair Dressers. no15 deodkwtim

Masonic Notice.

The members of Lewis Lodge (No. 191), F. & A. M., are hereby requested to meet at their hall on SUNDAY, Nov. 22, at 2 o'clock P. M., to form in funeral procession, to convey the body of our deceased brother, J. W. Farick, to its place of interment in Portland Cemetery. All Master Masons in good and regular standing are requested to assist us in this ceremony. By order W. M.

nov2 ds* T. B. ELROD, Secy.

Spiritualism.

MRS. L. B. LACY, trance speaker, late of Europe, will deliver a discourse for the Spiritualists on SUNDAY EVENING, Nov. 22, at 7½ o'clock, in Trades' Assembly Hall, No. 1074, Market street, between Fourth and Fifth. Friends are all invited to come. nl1 d2*

Notice.

ELDER WALLER KEITH is expected to preach on SUNDAY MORNING NEXT, at 11 o'clock, at the Old Baptist church, on Bank street, Portland

WANTED.

WANTED—3 male cooks, dairyman, compersmith, cooper, blacksmith, book-keeper with $30, choppers, farm hands, 2 salesmen and 1 clerk, 2 partners with $200 to $2,500, also, situations for drivers, porters, waiters, &c. All wanting business apply. REGULAR EMPLOYMENT AGENCY, cor. Fifth and Jefferson sts. d-s

WANTED—SITUATION—By a young man, thoroughly up in the business, as collector or drug or prescription clerk. Can be had at reduced salary. Address J. W. F., this office. nll d3*

WANT D—CANVASSERS—2 or 3 good canvassers to sell a staple article. No. 1, 134 Jefferson street. CHAS' SWAIN. nll d2

WANTED—To rent a house, furnished or partly furnished, by a lady who will board the party for part pay of the rent; balance cash. Any one having such an one will find a prompt tenant. By addressing M. S., this office. nl0 d2

WANTED—IMMEDIATELY—30 CARPENTERS to work on Ohio river bridge. For work apply at office of the Louisville Bridge Co., Pendergrass' store. nl0 d7

WANTED—ROOM—By a single gentleman, a large and well-ventilated room, between 2d and Eighth, and south of Jefferson street. Address L. B. Courier-Journal office. nl0 d3*

WANTED—ONE TINNER AND TWO COPPERSMITHS—At No. 36 Fifth street. A tinner who understands steamboat work preferred. JOHN GARGAN & CO. nol0 dll

WANTED—TWO PARTNERS—To take a third interest in a well established wholesale produce house. Necessary capital, $15,000. Address box 9356 Cincinnati, Ohio. nol7 dtos3t

WANTED—A SITUATION AS BOOK-KEEPER. By a man fully competent. Best of references given. Address or call on MAXWELL & CO., 4th street, between Fourth and Fifth, south side. nll d3

WANTED—500 GIRLS—Do you want a girl? Go to the Central Intelligence Office, 107 Fourth CY, corner Fourth and Jefferson streets, to get a good girl at once. All respectable girls invited to call and obtain situations free of charge. MILLER & CO. nol0 d3

WANTED—MEN—We want to employ an energetic business man in each county of this state to sell. For sy's celebrated Planet Walking Skirts. An established house will find it a very safe and profitable investment to take hold of this article. County rights for sale. Address FITCH, LINDSEY & HEUSER, sole agents for State, 75 Fourth street. Louisville. oct9 dlm

WANTED—IMMEDIATELY—30 Stone Cutters, to repair work. A few days Stone Masons, good wages $4 per day; 4 Blacksmiths; 2 Porters; 1 Grocery Clerk; 2 white Boys to learn the Tobacco trade. Apply at once to the Louisville Employment Agency, 107 Fifth street. MCNAIN & CO. oct10d

WANTED—LIEN NOTES—I have purchasers for a large amount of lien notes on city property. E. D. FITLER, Real Estate Agent, 162 Fourth street Bamberger & Bloch's Block. nll d3

WANTED—Persons in the country or city wanting help or laborers of any kind, old or young, male or female, can be supplied on short notice, by applying at the Louisville Employment Agency, 107 Fifth street. All orders for help from a distance promptly attended to, and satisfaction guaranteed. All persons in want of situations, whether as clerks, salesmen, traveling agents, or in any other capacity, can find work and good wages by applying at the same place, either in person or by letter. We also guarantee satisfaction to all applicants, or no pay. MCNAIN & CO. nol0 dlf

FOR SALE—CITY.

FOR SALE—A DRUG STORE doing a fair business. Sales can be increased fifty per cent by extra advertising. Rent no fancy price. Address, with real name, DRUGGIST, Courier-Journal office. nl0 d3*

FOR SALE—MIRRORS—At a reduced price, either separate or together, two large mirrors, suitable for a parlor or saloon. Apply at No. 78 Green street, next to the corner of Third. nll d3*

FOR SALE—TWO COTTAGES on 20 years lease ground, situated on Chestnut, between Eleventh and Twelfth streets, No. 44. Terms part cash and balance on time. Inquire at No. 213 Madison street, between Fourteenth and Fifteenth. n29 dlf*

FOR SALE—BUSINESS—A No. 1 cash business, strictly established stock, fixtures and lease. Goods all fresh and desirable. Large profits and very little competition. Location one of the best in the city. Best low Satisfactory reasons given for selling. Price $4,500. Apply to E. D. FITLER, 162 Fourth street, Bamberger & Bloom block. nol7 d3

FOR SALE—CHEAP—AN ELEGANT BUILDING LOT—50 by 200 feet, on First street, near Broadway College and Breckinridge streets. Inquire at No. 382 First street. nol7 d3*

FOR SALE—DRUG STORE—Centrally located; well stocked and doing a fair business. Will sell on terms to good parties. Also will rent at a big discount. $60.00 worth of cash notes, secured by lien on real estate in city of Louisville, to apply as low offer of F. D. MORRIS, No. 8 Court Place. nll d3*

FOR SALE—SAW-MILLS—Parties intending to purchase saw-mills will find it to their interest to call at the northeast corner of Brook and Main sts. Also for sale, Government wagons, harness and second-hand machinery. ALEXANDER & BACON. oct8 dlf

FOR SALE AND RENT—REAL ESTATE—Agency, No. 1,134 Jefferson street, between Fourth and Fifth, north side. I have for sale cheap for cash, and on time, several lots in all parts of Louisville and Portland; also houses and lots to lease. Also farms in the following States: Kentucky, Indiana, Missouri, Ohio, Tennessee, Mississippi, and Texas.

I have some desirable property in New Albany and Jeffersonville, Ind., and a No. 1 tavern stand in the town of Charlestown, Ind., for sale or rent, on good terms. This is a good chance for a party who wants to start in the hotel business, and will be sold low, as Charlestown is the county-seat of Clark county. Inquire at the above-named place. R. C. DURRETT. nl0 d3

FOR SALE OR EXCHANGE—DWELLING—For approved vacant lots, a very excellent and desirable, well-built dwelling, on Ninth street, containing 10 rooms, bath room, pantry, closets, large cellar, gas and water, and every convenience; also, the house is in good condition and very substantial. There is an excellent stable and carriage-house in the rear, shade trees in front and rear. The lot is 50x170 feet. Will be sold low for cash, one-third down. If we exchange for other property it must be of a desirable kind. Apply to GRESHAM & ESSINGTON, 74 West Main street, Third. nl0 d3

FOR SALE—BREWERY—The property known as Keller's Brewery, situated on Main street, Louisville, and has a fine brewery with all the apparatus complete, and can be made one of the largest and best breweries in the city of Louisville. This place has a large front on Portland avenue and runs back to an alley, has a good saloon fronting on Portland avenue and also two good dwelling-houses, with stables and other out-houses. The saloon is doing good trade and any person taking the place can build up a good trade with Portland and the city. We propose to sell all together, half and half, or separate, as horses, &c., as any one who may want to engage in the brewery business, may desire. This is a rare chance for a live person. For particulars inquire of W. H. LAWRENCE, 159 Jefferson street, bet. Fourth and Fifth. au29

FOR SALE—MY RESIDENCE—Broadway, bet. First and Second streets. Lot 50x200 feet; contains ten rooms, kitchen, cellar, istern, stable, carriage and coal house. Lot $170 feet to a large alley. Terms easy—ten years' credit if desired. Apply to W. BUECK, office of English & Buck. nol0 d3

FOR SALE—THE STOCK, FIXTURES, &c., OF A LARGE RETAIL CONFECTIONERY, ICE CREAM SALOON AND BAKERY—Also the best business part of this city. Store and saloon fixtures are in splendid order; bake-oven and utensils nearly new. Terms moderate. An enterprising man with some capital will find this a good chance to enter a nice, well established and prospering business. Inquire at this office. au7 dlf

FOR SALE—STOCK—37 shares Taylorsville Turnpike Stock. For particulars inquire of W. H. LAWRENCE, No. 159 Jefferson street, between Fourth and Fifth.

FOR SALE—OLD TYPE—We have for sale, at a low price, 4,000 lbs. of old Type, to which the attention of Foundrymen and Machinists is directed. Apply at the Courier office. jy14 dlf

FOR SALE—LAND—40 acres of A No. 1 land, suitable for gardening purposes, situated on the Bardstown pike, within 4 miles of Louisville. Price very low. Apply to GRESHAM & ESSINGTON, Real Estate Agents, 74 West Main street, near Third. se16 dlf

FOR SALE—HOUSE—Two-story brick house on W. Walnut street, between Eleventh and Twelfth; lot 30 feet front by 160 feet deep. Also, house containing 6 rooms, kitchen, stable, good cistern and gas all through the house; and one frame dwelling and 2 vines. For particulars apply to W. H. LAWRENCE, 159 Jefferson street, bet. Fourth and Fifth. my15 dlf

FOR RENT.

FOR RENT OR LEASE—LAND—160 acres of fine rich garden land, a mile and a quarter from the city on the Brownsboro road, beautiful shade orchard. Possession given immediately. Also for sale 10 locust posts. Also the wood standing on 100 acres heavily timbered land adjoining the above place. Apply to KIN M. A. THOMPSON, 411 Second st. nl0 d3*

FOR RENT—STOREHOUSE—A first-class, four-story, stone-front storehouse, on West Main street, Building 30x 80 feet, in the wholesale Pomeroy district of January next. Apply to H. B. WILSON, No. 142 Main street. nol6 d7*

FOR RENT—MAIN-STREET STORE—On the southeast corner of Main and Fifth streets, now occupied by Wilson, Peter & Co., as a drug store, will be for rent on the 1st of January next. The house is new and in perfect repair, the most central and eligible location for a wholesale business. It has a cellar on Main street for a wholesale business, and a sub-cellar, with a well, under the whole house above. The building is accessible to each floor in front on Main street, and in the rear on Fifth street. The second, third and basement, and five lighted offices; or each of the first floors, beginning with the basement and including the first and second floors, may be used for an independent business. In the rear, on Fifth street, is one of Otis & Brooks' hoisting machines, with engine, &c. This is the latest and best machine in use, and is capable of considerable work. It saves the labor of several men in storing and shipping. The whole premises are in the best repair. Possession can be had at any time. Inquire on the premises of Dr. THOS. E. WILSON. nov9 dlf

FOR RENT—RESIDENCE—A first-class residence, the property of J. D. Guthrie, Esq., situated on the west side of First street, between Green and Walnut. None but first-class tenants need apply, and will not be rented for a boarding-house. For terms, &c., apply to MORRIS, SOUTHWICK & CO., No. 26 Jefferson st. nl0 d3

FOR RENT—ROOMS—5 nice rooms in a good locality, with gas and water, situated on Market street, No. 291, between Seventh and Eighth. Rent $15 per month. Apply on the premises. nll d3*

FOR RENT—DWELLING—The fine three-story brick dwelling-house No. 160 Sixth street, between Green and Walnut streets. Also the two-story brick dwelling-house No. 30 Center street, between Green and Walnut streets. Apply to THOMAS STEELE, Louisville Hotel. nl5 dl

FOR RENT—HOUSE—A pleasantly situated brick dwelling-house, No. 153 Seventh street, between Grayson and Walnut streets. Apply to C. N. CORRI, 102 Fifth street, between Market and Jefferson sts. nl2 d3*

FOR RENT—DWELLING—A large brick dwelling, with large lot, good stable, cellar, gas and water. No. 2023, Market street, between Eighteenth and Ninth. Apply to MOORHEAD & CO., No. 320 Fourth street.

FOR RENT—ON A LONG LEASE—The second and third floors above my store, on Fourth street south of the corner of Main street, suitable for any light business and dwelling at the same time, as well as for offices; sewing machine manufacturers, or anything else. Apply to N. NICHOLAS, 83 Fourth street bet Main and Market. oct dlf

FOR RENT—DESIRABLE BUILDING—The large and well-arranged building, now occupied as the COURIER-JOURNAL office, on Green street, between Third and Fourth, will be for rent during the latter part of December, or as soon as the new building on Jefferson street, between Third and Fourth, is ready for occupancy. Particulars may be had by applying at the office. nl0 d3

FOR RENT—STORE-HOUSES—The two new store-houses on the corner of Eleventh and Main sts., which will be ready for occupancy by the 1st of December next. If application is made soon, the interior of the buildings can be finished to suit the parties for whom they occupy them. Apply to KAHN & WOLF, No. 270 Main street, between Seventh and Eighth streets. nol dlf

FOR RENT—STORE ROOM AND RESIDENCE—Just completed, a three-story house on Jefferson street, between First and Second, containing a handsome store-room, with residence over same having three large rooms. Lot extends to alley in the street, and all finished in handsome style. Any one desiring only the store can rent rooms above for dwelling. Inquire of S. H. SHALLCROSS, at Guthrie & Co's, Main street, bet. First and Second. nl0 dlf.

FOR RENT—STORE-HOUSE—No. 69 Sixth street, between Main and Market. Inquire of PUSEY & CAMPBELL, No. 221 West Main street, opposite Louisville Hotel. oct9 dtf

FOR RENT—HOUSE—The dwelling part of the house which I occupy on Fourth street, between Main and Market. Apply to S. NICHOLAS, 83 Fourth street. oct dlf

FOR RENT—STORE-HOUSE—The large store-house, No. 11 Main street, bet. First and Second. Apply on the premises. se11 dlf

FOR RENT—WOODLAND GARDEN—Proposals will be received until Sept. 15, 1868, for a lease for terms of five years, commencing with the season opening on the 1st day of January, 1869, of that incomparably place of public resort, one of unequaled, in this city, known as the Woodland Garden. The premises can be examined on application to the present tenant, to whom the bids for the faithful performance of the terms of lease. Address WM. JOHNSTON, L. W. WOOLLEY, JAS. C. JOHNSTON, Louisville, Ky. se11 dlf

WANTED—AGENTS.

WANTED—AGENTS—Active, energetic men, throughout the State, to act as agents for the Kentucky Farmers' Mutual Insurance Co. Apply at the office of the company, southeast corner Main and Third sts., to THOS. C. WINSLOW, Secy. nll d3

WANTED—20,000 AGENTS—A sample sent free, with terms, for any book published. Clear $25 daily in three hours. Everybody needs new, light, and desirable books. Business permanent, and by no book sold. Can be done at home or traveling, by both male and female. Address at once or morning, J. E. GOODSPEED, 398 Broadway, New York. nl0 d6w*

$1,000 PER YEAR guaranteed and steady employment. I want a reliable agent in every county to sell our Patent White Wire Clothes-Lines (Everlasting). Address WHITE WIRE CO., 75 William st., N. Y., or 16 Dearborn st., Chicago, Illinois. oct dlm

WANTED—AGENTS—For THE OFFICIAL HISTORY of the war, its causes, character, conduct and results, by Hon. Alexander H. Stephens. Is ready for sale, complete in two large octavo volumes, in which it has been a subscription book every published. One agent in Easton, Pa., reports 74 subscribers in three days; one in Mobile, Ala., reports 74 subscribers in two days; one in Boston, Mass., reports 100 subscribers in four days; one in Memphis, Tenn., reports 106 subscribers in five days. Address for circulars and our extra terms and a full description of the work. Address NATIONAL PUBLISHING CO., Cincinnati, O. no22 dlw3m*

WANTED—AGENTS—A few experienced Canvassers to travel for a responsible house. Business can find employment at no. 10, up stairs on Main, near corner of Fourth. nl0 d3*

WANTED—AGENTS—The De Soto Mutual Life Ins. Co. can give employment to several active solicitors and also to traveling agents on liberal terms. Call at the office, No. 120 Main street, near Fourth street. nov6 dlf

FOR SALE—COUNTRY.

FOR SALE OR TO LET—MANUFACTORY—A building, well adapted for light manufacturing purposes, advantageously situated on the Louisville & Portland Canal, with Steam and Water Power. Inquire on the premises, or of JOHN HAUK, Agent, No. 1 Fourth street, Louisville. Country residence for sale. Address FITCH, LINDSEY & HEUSER, sole agents for State, 75 Fourth street. Louisville. oct9 dlm

FOR SALE—HOTEL—Wishing to change my location, I offer for sale one-half of the hotel and saloon property at Hardinsburg, Breckinridge county, Kentucky, known as the Hardinsburg Hotel, situated at the crossing of the Hempfield and Bardstown and Cloverport and Glendale roads. It is in good repair, and now under a lease of three years, commencing on the 1st day of January next, payable monthly in advance. I also offer 80 desirable building lots, which are improved. A. J. BAINES, Humboldt, Tenn. no21 dlf

FOR SALE—No. 1016—A splendid farm of 198 acres, 3 miles from Shelbyville, on the river; gravelly bottom land; 25 acres in meadow; running waterway to house in every field; a new dwelling, with 7 rooms, stone ice-house, with a superb dairy attached; 2 cisterns, spring, excellent orchard of apples and the best orchard of every variety of fruit; small fruit in abundance; chestnuts, walnuts and good society; good mills convenient. Will take part in city property. Apply to GRESHAM & ESSINGTON, Real Estate Agents and Auctioneers, 74 West Main street, near Third.

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LOST.

LOST—$10 REWARD—On the 19th inst., a large pocket-book, containing a number of papers, railway tickets and a small amount of money. The finder will be liberally rewarded by leaving it with the owner. The finder will receive the above reward by applying at No. 24 Jefferson street, between Third and Fourth, up stairs. nol0 d2*

FOUND.

FOUND—DOG—A black and tan dog. The owner can get the same by calling at Bowles' Gallery, Fourth and Green, proving property, and paying for this advertisement. nll d3

BOARDING.

BOARDING—Three well-furnished rooms, with private table board, for single gentlemen or families, can be had at No. 239 Walnut street, between Sixth and seventh. nll d3

BOARDING—A number of young men can obtain good board at No. 258 Second street, between Chestnut and Broadway. nol1 dlm

BOARDING—Two very desirable furnished rooms, with board, for gentlemen and wife, or two or three single gentlemen. Location pleasant. Apply at No. 190 Chestnut street, between Third and Fourth. nol1-deod3*

BOARDING—Several single gentlemen, or a gentleman and wife, can be accommodated with board, with pleasant rooms, at the southeast corner of Second and Green streets. A number of day boarders can also be accommodated. nol3 d3*

BOARDING—Pleasant rooms, suitable for families or single gentlemen, with board, at 181 Seventh street. nl0 d3*

BOARDING—Nicely furnished rooms with board can be obtained on reasonable terms at 85 PINCKARD'S, on Fourth street, between Walnut and Green. References required. no7 dlm

BOARDING—Two very desirable furnished rooms, with board, for gentlemen and wife, or two single gentlemen. Location pleasant. Apply at No. 190 Chestnut street, between Third and Fourth. nol1-deod3*

BOARDING—Several single gentlemen, or a gentleman and wife, can be accommodated with board, with pleasant rooms, at the southeast corner of Second and Green streets. A number of day boarders can also be accommodated. nol3 d3*

BOARDING—Pleasant rooms, suitable for families or single gentlemen, with board, at 181 Seventh street. nl0 d3*

STRAYED OR STOLEN.

STRAYED—COW—From me, on the 8th inst., one dark red cow, with a star in her forehead. Any one having said cow in possession will please send her to J. A. SCHNEIDER'S Slaughter-house, on Preston street, and charges will be paid. H. H. BUFFENMEYER. nl0 d2*

Public Sale of the Market-street Mills.

A Assignee of A. F. Clark's bankrupt, I will offer at public sale, at the Court House door, in Louisville, Ky., between the hours of 11 A. M. and 2 P. M., immediately after the Chancery sales), on MONDAY, November 30, 1868, the property on the east side of Market street Mills," situated on the north side of Market street, between Fourteenth and Fifteenth streets, Louisville, Ky., numbered 67 and 69. The lot is 40x110 feet to a 20-foot alley. The building is a four-story brick, with cellar beneath and covered with metallic roofing. The engine is 14-inch cylinder and 36-inch stroke, with 2 boilers, 18 in number, 16-inch diameter and 22 feet long, and, with the engine, are under a contract to operate the main building, where also 2 inches of inches in diameter and one 36 inches. The capacity of the mill is 200 barrels per day; 50 barrels meal per day; or 300 barrels family flour, 75 barrels rye flour and 50 barrels meal per day. The machinery is in good running order.

Terms—5 cash, balance in 8 equal payments of 1, 2, and 18 months, secured by bond and mortgage on the property, with approved security, bearing interest from date, and to be executed to the purchaser, and he to have the right to assume the mortgage to the extinguishment of any liens that may be on the property.

STEPHEN E. JONES, Assignee of A. F. Clark.

Commissioner's Sale.

P. C. Holt's adm'r, plff., } In Equity.
Geo. A. B. Payne, dfts. }

BY virtue of a decree of said Court, pronounced in the above entitled cause, I, as Master Commissioner of said Court, will offer at the Court House door, 1868, that being Union County Court day, offer for sale, at public outcry, to the highest bidder, at the Court-house door in Morganfield, the following described property, to-wit:

About 125 acres of land, lying in Union county, on the waters of Lost Creek, and about three miles from Morganfield, bounded by the lands of Raphael Carnahan, Southern, and the heirs of Jesse Prather.

About 16 acres of said land is in a state of cultivation, and there is an apple orchard thereon containing about fifty trees. Or I will sell a sufficiency of the land to satisfy said decree.

Terms of sale are—Credits of six and twelve months, in equal installments. The purchaser will be required to execute bonds, with good security, bearing interest from date, and the lien of said decree and judgment. Also a lien will be retained to further secure the payment of the price. D. C. AMOS,

Master Commissioner.
Union Circuit Court.

Fall and Winter Millinery and Fancy Goods.

A LARGE and desirable stock of the latest and most fashionable styles.

Mrs. M. J. Osborn,

(successor to Mrs. M. J. Bryant), No. 436 (Parr & Bolleweil's Block) Fourth street, opposite Louisville Theater. Ladies call for bonnets and hats sold at lowest cash prices. oct9 dlm

AUCTION SALES.

TO-DAY.

BY SHERMAN P. WHALEY & CO.
Auction-rooms, No. 80 Market street, bet. Third and Fourth.

Great Sale of Japanese and Chinese Wares, Rare and Beautiful Shells, Curiosities, &c
AT AUCTION.

WE will sell by auction, without reserve or limit at the auction-rooms of Sherman P. Whaley & Co., No. 80 Market street, commencing FRIDAY EVENING, Nov. 20th, at 7½ o'clock, and continuing the following days at 9 o'clock A. M. and 7½ o'clock P. M., on each day. This collection comprises the most magnificent specimens of Chinese workmanship ever imported to this continent, embracing beautiful Japanese lacquer ware, pearl inlaid monkeys, sandal mosaic, colored straw, wax and camphor wood, cabinets, tables, bureaus, work boxes, writing desks, chessboards, &c., &c.; feather, ivory and sandal wood fans, French and Italian shell work, rare and beautiful shells. The finest collection ever offered in Louisville. Catalogues of the entire collection from there are two to-day at the auction-room. Price 25 cents. Admission to the sale, 50 cents, which will be refunded to purchasers of $50 per lot. We will likely be open for sale a few days after the private sale. Parties from a distance will find it to their interest to call at the auction-room. Sale rain or shine. Sale positive and peremptory. A rare opportunity. Wholesale to trade.

T. BOYTON, Importers' Agent.
S. P. WHALEY & CO., Auctioneers.

BY HAYES & McNETT.

Walnut, Cherry, and Rosewood Wardrobes; Oak, Rosewood, and Cherry French Bedsteads; Walnut and Cherry Book-cases; Marble-top Bureaus, Washstands, Spring Mattresses, Parlor Furniture, Chairs, Office Desks, Carpets, Cook and Other Stoves, and a General Assortment of Household Goods, &c.,

AT AUCTION.

ON SATURDAY MORNING, November 21, at 10 o'clock, at our auction-rooms, on Fifth street, near Jefferson, we will sell as above.

Terms cash.
HAYES & McNETT, Auctioneers.

BY S. T. MOORE,
No. 127 N. W. cor. Main and Fourth streets.

Regular Sale of a Large Lot of New and Second-hand Furniture, Stoves, Hollow Ware, Cook, Parlor, and Office Stoves, besides a good lot of Queensware, Glassware, Blacksmiths. Lobsters, Plated Ware, Ranges, &c.,

AT AUCTION.

SATURDAY MORNING, Nov. 21, at 9½ o'clock. N. B. The above is all nearly new, and must be sold to close consignments and settlements. Terms cash. nl1

S. T. MOORE, Auctioneer.

BY J. U. SHAFFER & CO.,
79 Jefferson street.

Grayson Street Building Lot
AT AUCTION.

ON SATURDAY AFTERNOON, Nov. 21, at 3½ o'clock, on the premises, on the north side of Grayson street, between Ninth and Tenth streets, we will sell a nice building lot, 30x110 feet to a 20-foot alley. Terms cash. d19

J. U. SHAFFER & CO., Auctioneer.

FUTURE SALES.

BY HAYES & McNETT.

Pawnbroker's Sale.

$10,000 worth of Splendid Jewelry
AT AUCTION.

ON MONDAY MORNING, Nov. 23, at 10 o'clock, and again at 8½ o'clock P. M., and continuing from day to day until the entire stock is sold, at our auction-rooms, on Fifth street, near Jefferson, we will sell an elegant assortment of fine gold watches, gold hunting patent lever watches, 18 18k gold setting patent lever watches, 18 18k gold setting hunting patent lever watches, 18 18k gold setting detached levers, 25 18k gold ladies' watches inlaid with diamonds, 75 18k gold ladies' watches inlaid with 18k ladies' detached lever watches with antique portraits, 24 18k gold ladies' watches, 150 18k gold hunting repeaters ($250 each), 2 extra fine English chronometer gold, 100 gilt and silver ladies' watches, 500 silver watches of all descriptions, 100 pairs of fine French opera glasses, 12 very fine diamond pins and rings, 50 extra fine sets of ladies' and gents' jewelry, 100 pairs of fine ladies' gold spectacles from 16k to 18k, 100 pair silver spectacles, also a large assortment of all kinds of jewelry too numerous to mention.

Terms of sale—All the above goods will be warranted.

Terms cash.
HAYES & McNETT, Auctioneers.

BY PEARSON, MEDDIS & FERGUSON,
Montgomery and High Street Lots.

ON TUESDAY, Nov. 24, at 3 o'clock, on the premises, will sell that piece of ground, at the northwest corner of Montgomery and Broadway, running fronting on Montgomery 51 feet, and running back 423 feet to St. Bernard. The main body property for sale or non-resident. The property will be sold in lots to suit purchasers. Terms at sale. nov20 dtd

PEARSON, MEDDIS & FERGUSON, Auctioneers.

BY PEARSON, MEDDIS & FERGUSON.
Main-street Property.
AT AUCTION.

ON THURSDAY, Nov. 26, at 3½ o'clock, on the premises, we will sell a very valuable and desirable property on Main street, between Floyd and Preston. The lot is 24½ feet on Main street, and runs back 100 feet to a 20-foot alley. The lot is fenced and has good two-story houses, now renting for $25 per month. Also, a valuable store-front three are two two-story additions in front there are two two-story additions in front there are two two-story brick houses, pre-sent renting for $40 per month. We will likely sell a portion of the lot, 50 feet, with the two large houses, for a term of three years. Terms—One-third cash; balance in 1 and 2 years.

PEARSON, MEDDIS & FERGUSON, Auctioneers.

BY S. P. WHALEY & CO.
Auction Rooms 80 Market street, between Third and Fourth.

Candle Manufactory and Residence.
AT AUCTION.

ON THURSDAY AFTERNOON, November 26, 1868, at 3 o'clock, on the premises, the candle manufactory, situated on the southeast corner of Market and Fourteenth streets, in the city of Louisville, Ky. The fixtures consist as follows: 1 engine, 6-horse power, with shafting, belting, &c.; 1 steaming tank 8 feet long by 18 feet wide; 1 large Douglas force pump, 1 large size hand pump; 2 kettles 4 feet deep and 3 feet wide; 1 large tank with copper bottom; 1 large vat tank; 1 large tank with copper bottom; 1 large tank with copper bottom; 1 large tank lined with galvanized sheet iron and copper plates; steam tallow heater; 1 large size of Dodge Brothers' candle boxes, and everything that a No. 1 candle manufactory requires. The dwelling is a two-story brick 55 feet leased ground; the lease to run 34 years, with the privilege of renewal. Also, at the same time, the best in the city of Louisville, being in the vicinity of the candle manufactory, and the most convenient dwelling in the city, and the party buying will be learned all of the improvements in making candles, prior to the sale and the improvement of making candles to retain the oil in the summer time, as well as in the winter.

The above factory is in A No. 1 order and is sold on account of the present owner having other business to attend to, and he can not possibly attend to the factory. Parties wishing to look over the premises prior to the day of sale, will please call upon us and we will take great pleasure in showing them the same.

Terms at sale.
S. P. WHALEY & CO., Auctioneers.
nol0 d3 and

BLOOD STOCK!

At Auction.

I WILL offer at public sale, on WEDNESDAY, December 2, 1868, on my farm, near Bellevue Station, in Henry county, Ky., a select lot of 13 stallions, will security,

14 HEAD THOROUGH-BRED
RACING & TROTTING STOCK.

nol1 deodtos MARY F. BUFORD.

Marshal's Sale.

Henning & Speed } In Chancery. No. 21,620.
against
H. A. Smith. }

BY virtue of a decree of the Louisville Chancery Court, rendered in the above cause, the undersigned, or one of us, will,

ON MONDAY, NOV. 23, 1868,

about the hour of 11 o'clock A. M., sell at public auction, to the highest bidder, at the Court House door, in the city of Louisville, on a credit of 6, 8, and 12 months, a house and lot on Fourth street, in Louisville, Ky., described as follows:

Beginning at the southeast corner of Grayson and Ninth cross-street; thence eastwardly with Grayson 25 8-12 feet, fronting on said street; thence southwardly to Ninth cross-street; thence with Ninth cross-street 25 8-12 feet; thence northwardly with the property conveyed to Matthew Keebler by John A. Dunlap, June 29, 1866, recorded in Deed Book 1,100 feet, to the beginning. The purchaser will be required to give bond with approved security, bearing interest from date until paid, and a lien will be retained as additional security.

Marshal Louisville Chancery Court,
C. F. WETHERBY, } Deps.
C. B. SHEPHERD. }

nl8 dtd

Marshal's Sale.

Matthew Kuebler } In Chancery, No. 21,711.
against
James T. Helm. }

BY virtue of a decree of the Louisville Chancery Court, rendered in the above cause, the undersigned, or one of us, will, on

MONDAY, NOV. 23, 1868,

about the hour of 11 o'clock A. M., sell at Public Auction, to the highest bidder, at the Court House door, in the city of Louisville, on a credit of 4, 8, and 12 months, a house and lot in the city of Louisville, Ky., described as follows:

Beginning at the southeast corner of Grayson and Ninth cross-street; thence eastwardly with Grayson 25 8-12 feet, fronting on said street; thence southwardly to Ninth cross-street; thence with Ninth cross-street 25 8-12 feet; thence northwardly with property conveyed to Matthew Keebler by John A. Dunlap, June 29, 1866, recorded in Deed Book 1,100 feet, to the beginning. The purchaser will be required to give bond with approved security, bearing interest from date until paid, and a lien will be retained as additional security.

Marshal Louisville Chancery Court,
C. F. WETHERBY, } Deps.
C. B. SHEPHERD. }

nl8 dtd

Marshal's Sale.

A. Distell } In Chancery, No. 21,873.
against
Alexander, wife, &c. }

BY virtue of a decree of the Louisville Chancery Court, rendered in the above cause, the undersigned, or one of us, will, on

MONDAY, NOV. 23, 1868,

about the hour of 11 o'clock A. M., sell at public auction, to the highest bidder, at the Court-house door, in the city of Louisville, Ky., on a credit of 4, 8, and 12 months, the following described property, viz:

A lot of 15 feet 6 inches front, on the south side of Market street, between Fourteenth and Fifteenth streets, and extending back 106 feet to a 20-foot alley, being the eastern half of lot No. 69 in Crosby's plan, and the other fronting 15 feet on the south side of Market, between Fourteenth and Fifteenth streets, and extending back southwardly 106 feet, more or less, being No. 68 and east of and adjoining the one above described as No. 69.

The purchaser will be required to give bond with approved security, bearing interest from date until paid, and a lien will be retained as additional security.

Marshal Louisville Chancery Court,
C. F. WETHERBY, } Deps.
C. B. SHEPHERD. }

nol0 dtd

Marshal's Sale.

W. H. Stokes, } In Chancery. No. 21,946.
against
T. E. Helm, &c. }

BY virtue of a decree of the Louisville Chancery Court, rendered in the above cause, the undersigned, or one of us, will, on

MONDAY, NOV. 23, 1868,

about the hour of 11 o'clock A. M., sell at public auction, to the highest bidder, at the Courthouse door, in the city of Louisville, on a credit of four months, or such as may be necessary to satisfy the decree herein of the property in pleadings and mentioned, viz:

Eight brilliant tables and fixtures, now in the Delmonico billiard-room, on Fifth street, between Market and Jefferson streets.

The purchaser will be required to give bond, with approved security, bearing interest from date until paid. F. C. WELMAN,

Marshal Louisville Chancery Court.
C. F. WETHERBY, } Deputies.
C. B. SHEPHERD. }

nol8 dtd

Public Sale of the Market-street Mills.

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Terms—5 cash, balance in 8 equal payments of 1, 2, and 18 months, secured by bond and mortgage on the property, with approved security, bearing interest from date, and to be executed to the purchaser, and he to have the right to assume the mortgage to the extinguishment of any liens that may be on the property.

STEPHEN E. JONES, Assignee of A. F. Clark.

Commissioner's Sale.

P. C. Holt's adm'r, plff., } In Equity.
Geo. A. B. Payne, dfts. }

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About 16 acres of said land is in a state of cultivation, and there is an apple orchard thereon containing about fifty trees. Or I will sell a sufficiency of the land to satisfy said decree.

Terms of sale are—Credits of six and twelve months, in equal installments. The purchaser will be required to execute bonds, with good security, bearing interest from date, and the lien of said decree and judgment. Also a lien will be retained to further secure the payment of the price. D. C. AMOS,

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Courier-Journal.

LOUISVILLE, SATURDAY, NOV. 21, '68.

CALIFORNIA.

[Correspondence of the Courier-Journal.]
SAN FRANCISCO, Nov. 1.

THE HORROR.

The accounts you have received by telegraph of the damage done by the earthquake are not to be relied on, as the telegrams were prepared by the Chamber of Commerce, with a view toward keeping up commercial credit. Files of the daily press which you have received by this time will give you some idea of the terrible destruction to life and property. Every day some new discoveries are made of bodies in removing the fallen masses from the sidewalks, and there were thousands injured whose names never appeared in the list of wounded. In a city like this, a death is of no moment, as there are a hundred chances to one that he who gives up the ghost leaves no friend or relative to mourn his loss. In this country the old maxim comes in: "Every man for himself and the devil for us all." Since the heavy blow of October 21st, there have been twenty-nine shocks of earthquakes. The excitement is nearly gone, but a look into the anxious faces of the whole people plainly that it is ready to break out again at a moment's notice. The blow may come at any moment, and all seem to expect it soon.

SAVED WITHOUT BOOK.

Before this reaches you, the contest for life or death will have been determined. It would be useless, therefore, to speculate at this time on the result, but I cannot refrain from speaking of the grand procession of the lovers of constitutional liberty which took place here on the night of the 21st of October. Six miles of the best men in San Francisco were in line, uniformed with the paraphernalia of their faith and all carrying torches. Bonfires blazed on every corner; flags and banners hung everywhere; buildings and blocks were brilliantly illuminated. The streets were crowded with men, while the windows were thronged with ladies, and bouquets of fragrant flowers, such as only California can produce, were

Courier-Journal.

LOUISVILLE, SATURDAY, NOV. 21, '68.

To Advertisers.

Advertisers of the COURIER and advertisers of the JOURNAL, who have outstanding engagements with both papers, will please call at the counting-room of the COURIER-JOURNAL at their earliest convenience, and notify us as to their wishes.

To Tri-Weekly Subscribers.

Our office and press arrangements will not permit us to print a tri-weekly edition, and hereafter we will send to the old tri-weekly subscribers of the COURIER our daily three times each week on alternate days until the expiration of their time. The regular daily will hereafter be sent to all new orders that may come for the tri-weekly.

To City Subscribers.

Subscribers to both the COURIER and the JOURNAL will please notify us or our carriers so that their papers may not be duplicated. It is our purpose to neglect no one, but we cannot hope to escape short-coming in this respect during a few days. The edition of each paper was large, and, as combined, defies immediate adjustment. Our readers will let us know if they are not served as usual. By the end of the week we expect to have the routes arranged so as to answer all that the public may ask.

THE NEWS.

Gold closed in New York yesterday at 134¼@134⅝.

Grant's official majority in Ohio is 41,190.

W. Sydney, the artist, died in New York yesterday, aged 82.

The balance on hand in the Ohio State Treasury, Nov. 15th, was over $550,000.

A machine for making brick by steam has been put up at Handsboro, Miss.

Twelve thousand dollars of the Jeff. Davis reward was paid Thursday.

Busby is to fight McAlpin for $1,000 within fifty miles of Chicago on the 18th of December.

The small-pox is prevailing in Milwaukee to such an extent that the schools have been closed.

A boy who was playing truant from his mother's shop in a lime kiln, in Brooklyn, N. Y., Wednesday night and was suffocated.

A boy named James W. Coy, in the employ of Ball, Black & Co., New York, was arrested yesterday for embezzlement of jewelry.

A heavy snow-storm prevailed on the plains yesterday. In the vicinity of Fort Dodge the snow is said to have been two feet deep.

The Tennessee Legislature yesterday elected A. J. Fletcher Secretary of State and J. E. Bass Treasurer.

The Washington-street tunnel, at Chicago, will be finished in six weeks, and formally opened on New Year's day.

Complete official returns from the State of Georgia give 159,000 as the total vote for President, of which Seymour has a majority of 45,283.

The weekly statement of the Bank of France shows that bullion in the vault has decreased 11,000,000 francs since the 14th inst.

An old man named Aaron Bliss, living in Monson, Mass., was attacked in his house yesterday morning by three men and robbed of several hundred dollars.

A call has been issued, signed by numerous clergymen and laymen, for a New England Temperance Convention in Boston on the 21st of December.

Two brokers had a fight on 'Change in New York, yesterday, growing out of recent transactions in Erie. They were separated after damaging each other badly.

An unknown vessel was burned at sea opposite the village of Bridgehampton, Long Island, on Tuesday night, during the storm. Nothing is known of those on board.

Marshall Johnson, a notorious negro horse-thief, of whom the officers had been in search for months, was arrested yesterday in Memphis and sent to jail.

A party of forty-five Pennsylvanians and Marylanders arrived in Richmond, Va., yesterday morning, en route to settle in Southwestern Virginia, thence as far South as Columbia, S. C., in search of desirable investments in land.

A proposition is pending in Leavenworth, Kansas, for the construction of a railroad from that city or Atchison, to connect with the Central Pacific, thence to Fort Kearney and the Union Pacific.

An Omaha dispatch says Red Cloud, the famous chief of the Sioux nation, and several other chiefs, heretofore hostile, have signed a treaty of peace and promised to behave themselves.

Angelina Martin, otherwise Jenny Ferry, the Wedding-in lookout, is one of the parties arrested in a descent on an assignation house in Wooster street, New York, Thursday night, and was yesterday fined ten dollars.

A log drover from Warrensburg, Mo., named A. Threshill, was robbed in St. Louis yesterday of a check for $5,000, the proceeds of a lot of hogs.

Lewis Davis, who keeps a millinery establishment on Fourth street, St. Louis, was arrested in that city yesterday on a charge of forgery.

Owing to a break in the telegraph lines between Pittsburg and Washington, we are without our usual amount of special telegraphic correspondence from Washington.

General Sherman unqualifiedly favors the transfer of everything pertaining to Indian affairs to the control of the War Department. His official report may be found in our telegraphic columns.

Rev. Geo. R. Babcock, for several years Librarian of the O'Fallon Library of St. Louis, has sued the Washington University for ten thousand dollars for services rendered and money advanced.

A full description of the scenes attending the burning of the Central Ohio Lunatic Asylum—a brief account of which was given in the official dispatch from Columbus to the COURIER-JOURNAL, yesterday morning—may be found in our news columns.

A number of patients of the late Central Ohio Lunatic Asylum were transferred yesterday to the orphan asylum at Newburg and the Long View asylum near Cincinnati. The worst cases are confined in the hospital of the old building, which was not destroyed.

Pike's Opera-house at New York, which the Erie Railroad has just bought, will be used this winter for concerts, dramatic performances as usual, and the company will sell tickets good for both rail-road fare and admission to the opera.

The new steamer Neshaminy, just finished at Brooklyn, can make twenty-five miles an hour, and is the fastest boat in the navy. She was ordered to be built during the war, and will now be laid up in ordinary, as she is too expensive for peace service.

A heavy shock of an earthquake was felt at Milleton, Reno county, California, Nov. 8th. The wall of the court-house was badly cracked. The waters of San Joaquin river were disturbed. A slight shock was also experienced at Austin, Nevada, Nov. 11th.

John King, a well-known citizen of St. Louis, has filed a petition in the Circuit Court, in that city, setting forth some curious facts regarding the Paschall House lottery. King put his house in the scheme. It was drawn by the association, but not received by the party to whom it belonged, who selfentitled to he repudiates the whole thing and denounces it as illegal.

The jury in the case of William Henry Crawford, in Utica, N. Y., indicted for murdering Abby Elizabeth Sanders, a little girl eight years and six months old, in the town of Annsville, New York, in April last, yesterday afternoon brought in a verdict of guilty. The evidence shows the murderer first despoiled the little victim, and then brutally cut her throat. Judge Morgan will sentence him at nine o'clock next Friday morning.

A Salt Lake dispatch says that new and rich mines have been discovered on White river. The ore taken on pays from five to seven thousand dollars per ton. Assays have been made of ore yielding from ten to fifteen thousand dollars per ton. An ore stamping mill is already in operation, and large quantities of ore are being shipped daily to Austin for reduction.

At a meeting of Cuban filibusters in New York, Thursday night, several recruits enrolled themselves, and a letter from a late rebel officer was read offering the services of a regiment with ten thousand men. Gen. Kerrigan, the alleged leader, keeps very reticent, but the report is that an expedition leaves within a short time for Cuba.

The Drew party settled their Erie contracts Thursday before the corner broke at 37@38. Their losses amount to over a million and a quarter. The indictment in Erie has subsided, the stock quotations to 41. Book Erie sold in moderate amounts the next session, and has advanced to 70¾.

A woman, aged about twenty-five, was found near the village of Accord, Ulster county, New York, on Sunday morning, with two bullet holes in her head, who was apparently accidentally shot in her bedsome, but it is not known who she is or who committed the murderous attempt. Coroner Cox, on a clerk in Ellenville. Tue Accord is about

A prize fight, between Matt. Conklin and Bill Hagan, for $400 a side, took place Thursday, near Narrowsburg, N. Y. The match was made last Sept. mber. The principals were well trained, and entered the ring in fine condition. Twenty-six rounds were fought, occupying one hour and twenty minutes. Conklin was declared the victor. The latter was seconded by Matt. Boyle and Bill Bussey, and Hagan by his brother and a mulatto named Vance. Mr. S. Lawlee was the referee. Both men were badly punished.

A fire was discovered in the rear end of the third story of the Madison Courier building, Madison, Indiana, about 8 o'clock last night. The job rooms were partially destroyed. The news room was seriously injured by water and the piling of forms. The fire was evidently the work of an incendiary, as it first caught in the far end of the room in a waste box, and the stove was near the front of the building. The proprietors announced their intention of issuing their paper as usual to-day. The loss was covered by insurance.

Aurora O. Ticknor, whose divorce suit in Chicago last winter, created such a furore in that community, and his late wife before the court again recently, and petitioned for the care of his children, as they were under improper influences with her, and the petition was granted.

THE CITY.

Episode of the City Council.

The "Episode of the Charter Convention," which was "written up" by an enterprising reporter in yesterday's paper, was received, as it was intended, as a pleasantry, but seemed somehow or other to excite a spirit of rivalry in the City Council, which never allows itself to be surpassed in matters of absurdity. So last night, after a stormy debate of two hours on a "point of order," in which the "Brandy and Sugar Committee" of the Charter Convention was frequently mentioned, and in which the anomalies that appear quoted in the accompanying resolution were used, some member took them as a text, and from the resources of his fertile brain framed and had read the following, which is destined to out-do all the puerile efforts of the solons in that respect, and forever establish the reputation of the Council in such matters as unimpeachable. The great document which is to do this reads as follows:

Resolved, That for the information of this Board, the word or phrase "poppy cock," and that of "negro in the wood-pile," be, and the same is hereby referred to the Committee on Education, to report as to the meaning and force of said words or phrases, for the benefit of this Board.

The second reading was dispensed with, and it was referred to the Committee on Asia Minor.

Brainless Calves.

The friends of Frank Hammer, the well-known Teutonic butcher, are enjoying a good joke at his expense. In common with other butchers, it is his custom to extract the brains from calves heads before offering them for sale. The other morning an Irish woman stepped up to Frank's stall and bought a calf's head. She took it home, and on closer examination found it to be one of the empty kind. This raised her ire to a high pitch, and she hurried back to the market, directed to Frank, and indignantly asked what he meant by palming off a hollow calf head upon her. Frank was perfectly imperturbed. He met the irate Hibernianess with the most self-complacent air. "Vy, madam, dat ish all right," said he. "Is it, now?" rejoined Bridget. "I tells you yah, yah. Dat head comes from Indians, and der calves over dere never have any brains." Said Bridget, "Now, why didn't I mind me of that same," and she bustled home again, entirely satisfied with the no-brain head, and with Hammer Hammer's explanation.

Death of Squire Earick.

The decease of that old and much respected citizen, Jacob W. Earick, Esq., which occurred at his residence in Portland yesterday, our risel no one, for he had been an invalid for more than a year past, and since last summer unable to leave his home, but all who knew him received the news with deep regret. Mr. Earick was one of the oldest residents of Louisville, his age being sixty-five years. In about 1830 he was elected Magistrate for the lower district of the city, and served in that capacity until his appointment twelve years ago as Deputy Commissioner of the Chancery Court, which position he retained up to his death. During all these years of official life he stood blameless. Hs was a man of exceeding amiability and uprightness. "None knew him but to love, none named him but to praise." The Chancery Court at its meeting yesterday, paid a high tribute to the official and private worth of the deceased, and it will meet with the ready concurrence of all in this community.

Two Fires Yesterday.

At eleven o'clock yesterday morning the fire alarm was turned in from box 63, Portland avenue and Fifteenth street. It was occasioned by a slight fire in Robinson's coopershop, on the corner of Fifteenth and Duncan streets. A barrel that was in process of drying fell over, and the fire within scattered among and ignited the shavings. The flames were put out with buckets of water before the engines arrived, and before much damage had resulted.

Between seven and eight o'clock last evening the alarm was communicated from box 7, and it proved to have originated from the premises of Bernard Gehring, on Third street, south of the Bardstown pike. A small frame stable was entirely destroyed, but luckily not until Mr. Smith had removed its contents, including a valuable horse. The stable Westherford threw water and prevented any further damage. It is supposed that fifty dollars will cover the loss. Mr. Smith thinks the fire was the work of an incendiary.

Not a Beggar.

Mr. J. R. Golladay, the gift-enterprise man, who has the misfortune to be blind, was considerably abashed by a little circumstance the other day. While attempting to find his way into the house of a friend on Fourth street he entered another door. The mistake occurred to him only when he heard a female voice say, "I haven't got anything for you to-day." Not conceiving at the moment what the woman meant, Mr. Golladay stood motionless, but much confused in thought. He was again startled by the female exclaiming in a shriller tone, "I tell you, sir, I've got nothing for you this time." Then Mr. G. comprehended. He had been mistaken for a beggar. This touched his sensitive chord, and he nervously replied, "O, you haven't? well, I am very sorry for you;" and finally he extinguished the woman by saying with great emphasis, "I expect, madam, I am able to buy you and your whole family." With this Mr. Golladay stamped away, and was soon directed to the right door.

Louisville Opera House.

The excessively inclement weather last night prevented as full an attendance at Miss Crampton's benefit as she merited, yet the play of Elizabeth was well acted, and Miss Crampton's Elizabeth may be classed among her happiest efforts.

At the matinee this afternoon "Medea" will be repeated, Miss Crampton assuming the title role.

To-night Richard III will be presented, it being Miss Crampton's last appearance this season. Miss Crampton's Richard is pronounced by the critics in our sister city of St. Louis, the best of her female characters, and taking her Hamlet as an example, we do not doubt that the critics are correct. The tragedy is cast to the full strength of the augmented company, and we are happy to say that the additions made by the new management, are all good artists, whom we welcome to this pleasure to our boards.

Theater Comique.

A very large audience as usual assembled at the Theater Comique last night. The programme was very interesting, and seemed to give great satisfaction. A new bill is up for to-night. Manager Simmonds has leased the Metropolitan Music Hall (late Odd Fellows' Hall), and will remove his large and very popular company to the above-named place, and on Monday night he will throw open the doors. A large number of eminent artists are engaged, and will appear in rapid succession. Don't fail to give Manager Simmonds a big opening house. For particulars, see posters and program mes.

New Pavement.

By permission of the Board of Street Commissioners, a sample of the Burns concrete pavement is being put down on the sidewalk at the corner of Sixth and Jefferson streets. The paving is a mixture of sand, gravel, and coal ashes, with pitch or tar, and the inventor claims that it will outlast any pavement now in use. If it turns out as represented our city fathers will perhaps adopt it extensively.

In a Passion.

It was freely bruited on the streets yesterday that the principal of one of our most flourishing ward schools had gone to a neighboring town intent upon flogging an ex-principal of the same institution. Even rumor did not divulge the nature of the affront which excited the "party of the first part" to the fighting point. We shall doubtless hear all about the affair of honor in due time.

Mammoth Turnips.

We were shown yesterday two mammoth turnips raised on the farm of Mr. J. W. Dunan, six miles from the city, on the Salt river road. One of them measures two and a half feet in circumference, and the other a little less. Pretty good for Old Kentucky.

Bankruptcy.

Since the bankrupt law went into effect there have been filed in the Clerk's office of the United States District Court, in this city, 1,656 cases in bankruptcy, of which about 700 have been finally adjudicated.

A Wayward Girl.

In the City Court yesterday, a young girl named Mary Ellen Dillon was presented on a charge of disorderly conduct, which was sustained, and she was sentenced to the St. Xavier Industrial School.

Personal.

General Albert Pike, of Memphis, is at the Willard Hotel.

THE FINE ARTS.

Animal Painters of America—The Beard Brothers — Kentucky Pictures.

A peculiar and distinctive branch of the fine arts is that devoted to birds and beasts. Every nation has had its animal painters, but, strange to say, but few in each age have attained celebrity in this peculiar walk. The present age, which is unquestionably far in advance of the past in its development of artistic power, notwithstanding all the nonsense uttered in favor of the old masters, has produced the usual small number of animal painters who may be termed great artists. In England we have seen Landseer and Ansdel to be surpassed in matters of absurdity. So last night, after a stormy debate of two hours on a "point of order," in which the "Brandy and Sugar Committee" of the Charter Convention was frequently mentioned, and in which the anomalies that appear quoted in the accompanying resolution were used, some member took them as a text, and from the resources of his fertile brain framed and had read the following, which is destined to out-do all the puerile efforts of the solons in that respect, and forever establish the reputation of the Council in such matters as unimpeachable. The great document which is to do this reads as follows:

Resolved, That for the information of this Board, the word or phrase "poppy cock," and that of "negro in the wood-pile," be, and the same is hereby referred to the Committee on Education, to report as to the meaning and force of said words or phrases, for the benefit of this Board.

The second reading was dispensed with, and it was referred to the Committee on Asia Minor.

THE NEWS.

Gold closed in New York yesterday at 134¼@134⅝.

Grant's official majority in Ohio is 41,190.

W. Sydney, the artist, died in New York yesterday, aged 82.

The balance on hand in the Ohio State Treasury, Nov. 15th, was over $550,000.

A machine for making brick by steam has been put up at Handsboro, Miss.

Twelve thousand dollars of the Jeff. Davis reward was paid Thursday.

Busby is to fight McAlpin for $1,000 within fifty miles of Chicago on the 18th of December.

The small-pox is prevailing in Milwaukee to such an extent that the schools have been closed.

A boy who was playing truant from his mother's shop in a lime kiln, in Brooklyn, N. Y., Wednesday night and was suffocated.

A boy named James W. Coy, in the employ of Ball, Black & Co., New York, was arrested yesterday for embezzlement of jewelry.

A heavy snow-storm prevailed on the plains yesterday. In the vicinity of Fort Dodge the snow is said to have been two feet deep.

The Tennessee Legislature yesterday elected A. J. Fletcher Secretary of State and J. E. Bass Treasurer.

The Washington-street tunnel, at Chicago, will be finished in six weeks, and formally opened on New Year's day.

Complete official returns from the State of Georgia give 159,000 as the total vote for President, of which Seymour has a majority of 45,283.

The weekly statement of the Bank of France shows that bullion in the vault has decreased 11,000,000 francs since the 14th inst.

An old man named Aaron Bliss, living in Monson, Mass., was attacked in his house yesterday morning by three men and robbed of several hundred dollars.

A call has been issued, signed by numerous clergymen and laymen, for a New England Temperance Convention in Boston on the 21st of December.

Two brokers had a fight on 'Change in New York, yesterday, growing out of recent transactions in Erie. They were separated after damaging each other badly.

An unknown vessel was burned at sea opposite the village of Bridgehampton, Long Island, on Tuesday night, during the storm. Nothing is known of those on board.

Marshall Johnson, a notorious negro horse-thief, of whom the officers had been in search for months, was arrested yesterday in Memphis and sent to jail.

A party of forty-five Pennsylvanians and Marylanders arrived in Richmond, Va., yesterday morning, en route to settle in Southwestern Virginia, thence as far South as Columbia, S. C., in search of desirable investments in land.

A proposition is pending in Leavenworth, Kansas, for the construction of a railroad from that city or Atchison, to connect with the Central Pacific, thence to Fort Kearney and the Union Pacific.

An Omaha dispatch says Red Cloud, the famous chief of the Sioux nation, and several other chiefs, heretofore hostile, have signed a treaty of peace and promised to behave themselves.

Angelina Martin, otherwise Jenny Ferry, the Wedding-in lookout, is one of the parties arrested in a descent on an assignation house in Wooster street, New York, Thursday night, and was yesterday fined ten dollars.

A log drover from Warrensburg, Mo., named A. Threshill, was robbed in St. Louis yesterday of a check for $5,000, the proceeds of a lot of hogs.

Lewis Davis, who keeps a millinery establishment on Fourth street, St. Louis, was arrested in that city yesterday on a charge of forgery.

Owing to a break in the telegraph lines between Pittsburg and Washington, we are without our usual amount of special telegraphic correspondence from Washington.

General Sherman unqualifiedly favors the transfer of everything pertaining to Indian affairs to the control of the War Department. His official report may be found in our telegraphic columns.

Rev. Geo. R. Babcock, for several years Librarian of the O'Fallon Library of St. Louis, has sued the Washington University for ten thousand dollars for services rendered and money advanced.

A full description of the scenes attending the burning of the Central Ohio Lunatic Asylum—a brief account of which was given in the official dispatch from Columbus to the COURIER-JOURNAL, yesterday morning—may be found in our news columns.

A number of patients of the late Central Ohio Lunatic Asylum were transferred yesterday to the orphan asylum at Newburg and the Long View asylum near Cincinnati. The worst cases are confined in the hospital of the old building, which was not destroyed.

Pike's Opera-house at New York, which the Erie Railroad has just bought, will be used this winter for concerts, dramatic performances as usual, and the company will sell tickets good for both rail-road fare and admission to the opera.

The new steamer Neshaminy, just finished at Brooklyn, can make twenty-five miles an hour, and is the fastest boat in the navy. She was ordered to be built during the war, and will now be laid up in ordinary, as she is too expensive for peace service.

A heavy shock of an earthquake was felt at Milleton, Reno county, California, Nov. 8th. The wall of the court-house was badly cracked. The waters of San Joaquin river were disturbed. A slight shock was also experienced at Austin, Nevada, Nov. 11th.

John King, a well-known citizen of St. Louis, has filed a petition in the Circuit Court, in that city, setting forth some curious facts regarding the Paschall House lottery. King put his house in the scheme. It was drawn by the association, but not received by the party to whom it belonged, who self-entitled to he repudiates the whole thing and denounces it as illegal.

The jury in the case of William Henry Crawford, in Utica, N. Y., indicted for murdering Abby Elizabeth Sanders, a little girl eight years and six months old, in the town of Annsville, New York, in April last, yesterday afternoon brought in a verdict of guilty. The evidence shows the murderer first despoiled the little victim, and then brutally cut her throat. Judge Morgan will sentence him at nine o'clock next Friday morning.

A Salt Lake dispatch says that new and rich mines have been discovered on White river. The ore taken on pays from five to seven thousand dollars per ton. Assays have been made of ore yielding from ten to fifteen thousand dollars per ton. An ore stamping mill is already in operation, and large quantities of ore are being shipped daily to Austin for reduction.

At a meeting of Cuban filibusters in New York, Thursday night, several recruits enrolled themselves, and a letter from a late rebel officer was read offering the services of a regiment with ten thousand men. Gen. Kerrigan, the alleged leader, keeps very reticent, but the report is that an expedition leaves within a short time for Cuba.

The Drew party settled their Erie contracts Thursday before the corner broke at 37@38. Their losses amount to over a million and a quarter. The indictment in Erie has subsided, the stock quotations to 41. Book Erie sold in moderate amounts the next session, and has advanced to 70¾.

A woman, aged about twenty-five, was found near the village of Accord, Ulster county, New York, on Sunday morning, with two bullet holes in her head, who was apparently accidentally shot in her bedsome, but it is not known who she is or who committed the murderous attempt. Coroner Cox, on a clerk in Ellenville. Tue Accord is about

A prize fight, between Matt. Conklin and Bill Hagan, for $400 a side, took place Thursday, near Narrowsburg, N. Y. The match was made last Sept mber. The principals were well trained, and entered the ring in fine condition. Twenty-six rounds were fought, occupying one hour and twenty minutes. Conklin was declared the victor. The latter was seconded by Matt. Boyle and Bill Bussey, and Hagan by his brother and a mulatto named Vance. Mr. S. Lawlee was the referee. Both men were badly punished.

A fire was discovered in the rear end of the third story of the Madison Courier building, Madison, Indiana, about 8 o'clock last night. The job rooms were partially destroyed. The news room was seriously injured by water and the piling of forms. The fire was evidently the work of an incendiary, as it first caught in the far end of the room in a waste box, and the stove was near the front of the building. The proprietors announced their intention of issuing their paper as usual to-day. The loss was covered by insurance.

LATEST SCANDAL.

A "Nice Young Man" Destroys the Happiness of a Fond Husband and Father.

One day this week a case of *crim. con.* was brought to light to the great agitation of society at large and to the uncanviable notoriety of a fashionable square. We may add that the developments were still more shocking in their effect upon the parties directly concerned. A gay and festive ex-merchant of this city and an equally dashing female, who not only has the care of a favorite business resort, but of a trusting husband and well grown up family of children. It appears, to begin in the hackneyed style, that the ex-merchant either fascinated the woman or was himself "roped in" by her some two or three years ago. At any rate they have been associating illicitly during that period. It is not important that we should know or state which was the susceptible party. Albeit the husband of the base woman was very devotedly attached to her, and in all respects full filled the priestly injunctions received at the altar, her conduct now and then aroused his suspicion. He was unceasingly watchful of her movements, but he totally failed to satisfy himself that the scandalous whisperings about her and the ex-merchant were true until Friday last. Being a gentleman of sensitive temperament, he had of late grown even more than usually circumspect. On the day mentioned all of his worst fears as to his wife were realized. He got an unmistakable clue, and traced her and her paramour to a notorious place of assignation, and there saw and heard sufficient to confirm her utter depravity. In very desperation at his wife's infidelity and the attainture of himself and children, the man reeled home. Going to his room, he threw himself upon a sofa and gave way to the wildest outbursts of grief and denunciation, arousing the household and arresting the attention of all passers-by on the street. Not understanding the cause of his frantic behavior, some one of the children ran to the police office and described the home scene so vividly that two officers were detailed to investigate the case. On reaching the house the police found the unhappy man still on the sofa, raving furiously and often exclaiming, "I'm ruined! I'm ruined! Let me die! Let me die!" All efforts to calm the outraged husband were unavailing, and the policemen left him in his madness. Meanwhile, the guilty wife and her reprobate "lover" slid out from the vile den in which they had been caught, and dodged about in obscure places until the storm broke. Then, when the new infamous spouse crept back to the home she had disgraced, and the "nice young man" resumed his sphere in so-called society with as much effrontery as if he were the most innocent of creatures.

A divorce is talked of, to be sure; but the criminals in this affair should go hang themselves, and the wronged husband and father should dance upon their graves.

REVOLTING DEPRAVITY.

A Colony of White Women and Negro Men Living Together in the Woods Near Louisville—Beastly Mixture.

Captain George Shadburne, Police Superintendent, and two or three detectives had occasion to reconnoiter the Ash Pond region, about eight miles from the city, on the Third street road, yesterday, and they came upon a settlement of white women and negro men living in a manner absolutely disgusting to contemplate. In the woods along the railroad they found seventeen or more shanties, or twenty old huts, all occupied by the most hideous looking mortals that could be imagined. The first hovel the officers entered was occupied by two bloated and half-nude white women, both of whom were *enceinte*, and stooping over a few embers in one corner of the pen. The only "furniture" visible was a few clothing of a low grade, a stool, made of rough boards, with a bundle of straw thrown carelessly in the bottom to represent a bed, at the fire-place an old skillet, a small pan full of meal, and two rude tin cups. When their visitors charged them with being the concubines of negroes they denied the soft impeachment and said their keepers were white soldiers. The next house visited contained a number of women of the same stripe, one negro man, and a negro baby in the arms of its mother, one of the white women. This was enough to satisfy all inquiries as to the relation of the vagabond white females and black males to each other. The negro infant told the whole story. It was, however, ratified by every subsequent "call" the policemen made among the colonists. Each of the shanties was more filthy, dilapidated and squalid appearance, and were tenanted by the same class of degraded beings. Some of the women were from this city and others from East Tennessee and elsewhere in the South. None of them could read or write, adding total ignorance to their horribly shameless practices. In some of the huts the policemen recognized old frequenters of the workhouse and professional rogues. These bestial creatures are sustained in their open lewdness, if not actually induced to it, by the trifling negro men who are employed as woodchoppers on the lands about Ash Pond. They, and the loathsome white wenches, it is almost certain, are the perpetrators of the many depredations upon the neighboring farmers that we have noticed of late. Capt. Shadburne did not feel authorized to make prisoners of these brutes in human form, but we earnestly hope, for the sake of decency and the good name of our commonwealth, that they will be immediately consigned to some place where they cannot follow their impious vocation for another day.

OUR BANKERS.

Statement of their Condition for the Month of October.

The following is an exhibit of the average capital and deposits of our banking institutions for the month of October, as rendered according to law, to Edgar Needham, Esq., Assessor of Internal Revenue. It will be noted that the total amount of capital reported is $5,187,563, and of deposits $5,282,842, the latter in excess of the capital, $94,779. The tax upon the whole, at one-twenty-fourth of one per cent., is $3,529 14:

Name.	Average capital.	Average deposits.	Tax on Capital.	Tax on Deposits.
German Security Bank	$91,400	86,300	75 29	
Bank of Kentucky		434,621	181 00	
Grimes Bros.	180,050	179,231	189 71	
People's B'k of Ky	598,000	170,295	208 28	
Western Ins. Co	175,000	157,157	136 65	
Commercial B'k Ky	425,350	311,492	296 18	
Citizens' Bank	364,400	474,291	349 41	
Louisville B'k Co	60,000	129,122	79 22	
Mechanics' Bk	40,000	146,180	85 00	
Morton, Gait & Co	15,000	91,744	44 22	
Manufacturers' Bank	140,958	180,528	144 27	
John Schmidt & Co	86,550	219,412	127 48	
West. Financ. Bank	40,000	93,291	58 08	
C. N. Warren & Co	40,000	105,946	59 98	
Falls City Tobacco B'k	411,400	320,685	273 98	
Richardson B'k & Ky	250,000	667,086	342 12	
Northern Bank Ky	550,000	278,142	344 23	
L. W. Smith & Co	30,000	35,544	98 14	
Savings Bank of Louisville	100,000	185,622	119 01	
Bank of Louisville	755,500	325,685	459 49	

KENTUCKY ELECTION.

LAWRENCE COUNTY—COMPLETE.

Seymour and Blair	823
Grant and Colfax	388
For Congress.	
John M. Rice, Dem	549
J. L. Zegler, Rad	351
JOHNSON COUNTY—COMPLETE.	
Seymour and Blair	774
Grant and Colfax	581
For Congress.	
John M. Rice, Dem	774
John L. Zegler, Rad	580

New Alarm Box.

The Chief of the Fire Department yesterday received from Gamewell & Co., New York, one of their improved fire-alarm boxes, to be located near the Catholic church, in that part of the city known as California. It is to be numbered 82.

Couldn't Come It.

There was but one application for divorce before the Chancery Court yesterday, and that was dismissed. Chancellor Cochrane no doubt thinking it quite time that conjugal matters were assuming a healthier status in his jurisdiction.

Mammoth Turnips.

We were shown yesterday two mammoth turnips raised on the farm of Mr. J. W. Dunan, six miles from the city, on the Salt river road. One of them measures two and a half feet in circumference, and the other a little less. Pretty good for Old Kentucky.

Bankruptcy.

Since the bankrupt law went into effect there have been filed in the Clerk's office of the United States District Court, in this city, 1,656 cases in bankruptcy, of which about 700 have been finally adjudicated.

A Wayward Girl.

In the City Court yesterday, a young girl named Mary Ellen Dillon was presented on a charge of disorderly conduct, which was sustained, and she was sentenced to the St. Xavier Industrial School.

Personal.

General Albert Pike, of Memphis, is at the Willard Hotel.

Farmers' Club.

The change of time to 11 o'clock every Saturday morning for the meeting of the Farmers' Club, is a decided improvement for these short days, as it will enable every farmer to attend and participate in the proceedings without any apprehension of being left behind by the afternoon railroad train, or having to drive home after dark.

A large and punctual attendance may therefore be expected at the winter meetings, and, of course, the proceedings will be even more interesting and instructive than, if possible, heretofore. The Farmers' Club is really a grand organization, and has been and will be productive of much good feeling, while it will develop much practical and useful knowledge.

Y. M. C. A. Festival.

The ladies' who have been appointed on the committe to solicit contributions for the Y. M. C. A. Festival to be held next week are requested to meet at the rooms this afternoon at three o'clock for the purpose of making their reports and completing their arrangements for the festival. A full attendance and written reports of contributions are requested.

Gave Bail.

Tim. Griffin and Con. Conklin, who were arrested on Wednesday last for retailing liquor without having first paid the special tax required by law, were yesterday admitted to bail by Commissioner Ballard in the sum of $500 each for their appearance at the next February term of the United States Court.

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A Liquor Case.

In the case of the United States against fifty barrels of distilled spirits, before Hon. Bland Ballard, of the District Court, yesterday, W. L. Weller paid the amount of his bond.

CITY FEATURES.

TAX-PAYERS—Your attention is directed to the notice of Mr. Rammers, the Tax Receiver.

Anie-Thanksgiving Feast To-day.

In view of the approaching national and State thanksgiving ordered by the President and Governor, Capt. Rob C. Henry, of the now popular International Restaurant, Jefferson street, near Third, has determined to give the people occasion to be thankful. He will, therefore, with this object in view, to-day set a magnificent lunch. It will be undoubtedly the finest ever presented. We have had a glimpse of the *menu* and it could not be excelled outside of a Parisian *cafe*. In addition to the fashionable dishes, there will be those concomitants of an old style Kentucky dinner—roast turkey, with oyster sauce, spare-ribs and back-bone, celery, and those most delicious of all things edible, 'possum and sweet potatoes and corn bread. Remember the International, Capt. Rob Henry and the 11 o'clock lunch! Those extending especially fascinating and agreeable young gentlemen, Messrs. Jake Strauman and Will H. Ferris, will be in attendance to serve, in their accustomed handsome style, the numerous guests.

BESIEGED.—W. Scott Glore was besieged yesterday by applicants for tickets in Dr. Goldaine's seventh gift enterprise. The net proceeds of this grand enterprise are to be devoted to the publishing of a newspaper, in raised letters, for the use of the blind, and we are glad to note that it is meeting with so favorable consideration. The prizes, we learn, will certainly be drawn in Weisiger Hall, on Monday next, at 2 o'clock. There are but 10 tickets left, and persons who realize that "there is a tide in the affairs of man that leads on to fortune," would do well to call at Glore's at once and purchase a ticket.

Poker, Possumer, Possumer!

And still possum and taters. We invite everybody and their friends, and assure them all that we will have possum all night. Come, big eaters some small, come all some tall. We guarantee possum for one and all.

Weather Strips.

Leave your orders for this valuable article with Fitch, Lindsey & Reuter, 75 Fourth street, next door to the National Hotel. They have Torrey's celebrated patent, the only durable kind in use.

CITY COUNCIL.

Closing of Fulton Street—Selling of Cotton at Auction—Medicinal Appropriations to the Poor.

(Reported for the Louisville Courier-Journal.)

The Common Council met last night with a full attendance. In the Board of Aldermen, however, but little business was transacted, the principal session for the election of a fails pilot and other officials which was contemplated was not held.

A resolution was introduced by Legislature to give thereby authority to issue bonds to an amount sufficient to close Fulton street, between First and the Beargrass cut-off, above high-water mark, so as to prevent the overflow of the section south of that street, at $7 per lineal foot, to be paid for the whole city front, and then referred to a special committee consisting of three from the lower and two from the upper Board, together with the City Engineer and the Street Commissioners of both districts.

The architect of the new jail was requested to furnish the Board with a true copy of the specifications to each contract pertaining to the building of said jail.

A resolution was adopted granting the cotton auction houses of the city the privilege of selling cotton at auction without paying the city tax, because fee or tax upon executing a bond similar to that required of those selling tobacco at auction and requiring all to conform to this arrangement.

A resolution authorizing the Mayor to purchase $500 worth of drugs for the use of the Baxter District agent to enable him to attend to the poor, to be distributed between similar institutions of the city, and then adopted.

Whereupon the Council adjourned to meet again this evening, when the election unavoidably postponed will probably take place.

Marriage Licenses.

The following are the marriage licenses issued by the Clerk of the Jefferson County Court for the week ending Nov. 20, 1868:

Henry Harrison to Catharine Drake.
Theodore Ciniotti to Emma Mullenschlagar.
Thomas Sawyer to Ann Elizabeth Sweeney.
Jacob Mungee to Emma Smith.
Arnold Kreuzer to Mary Ann Weingartner.
August Patel to Theresa W. Good.
James Carr to Bridget Clark.
Thomas Reed to Kate Gorman.
Mat. Collea to Mary Young.
R. T. Wingfield to Mary L. Gore.
Casper Hartledge to Ann M. Brown.
R. H. Venable to Mary Belle Anthoney.
Chas. F. Young to Amanda J. Cox.
S. Newton to S. Kate Bush.
James F. Goode to Ellen Carter.

LOUISVILLE CITY COURT.

HON. E. S. CRAIG, PRESIDING JUDGE.

FRIDAY, Nov. 20.

The cases heard and disposed of in this court to-day were as follows:

For drunkenness and disorderly conduct—Wm. Hilton, $10 and costs; Jeremiah Autry, guilty; Abe Abrahams, discharged; John McNaram, fined $15 and held in $500 for six months.

Thomas Lee, suspected of having stolen a shirt, a striped, one negro man, and a negro baby in the arms of its mother, one of the white women. This was enough to satisfy all inquiries as to the relation of the vagabond white females and black males to each other. The negro infant told the whole story. It was, however, ratified by every subsequent "call" the policemen made among the colonists. Each of the shanties was more filthy, dilapidated and squalid appearance, and were